



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023
and June 30, 2022

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CAMROSA WATER DISTRICT

Board of Directors

Eugene F. West, *President*

Andrew F. Nelson, *Vice-President*

Jeffrey C. Brown, *Director*

Timothy H. Hoag, *Director*

Terry L. Foreman, *Director*

BUILDING WATER
SELF-RELIANCE

General Manager

Tony L. Stafford

Prepared By:

Tamara Sexton, Deputy General Manager/Finance
and
Sandra Llamas, Senior Accountant

Camrosa Water District
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

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Introductory Section

October 26, 2023

Members of the Board of Directors
Camrosa Water District

Letter of Transmittal

It is our pleasure to submit Camrosa Water District's Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 (FY2022-23). This report was prepared pursuant to the guidelines set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

District staff prepared this financial report in conjunction with an unmodified opinion issued by the independent audit firm CliftonLarsonAllen LLP. The Independent Auditor's Report is located at the front of the Financial Section of this document. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction to, and overview and analysis of, the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Camrosa Water District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting practices (GAAP). Because the cost of internal control should not outweigh its benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. Management asserts that to the best of our knowledge, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

District Structure and Leadership

The Camrosa Water District is an independent special district, which operates under the authority of Division 12 of the California Water Code. The District provides services to a population of more than 32,700 people and is governed by a five-member Board of Directors, elected at large from within the District's service area.

Director	Title	Division	Expiration of Term	Occupation
Eugene F. West	President	Division 4	November 2024	Attorney
Andrew F. Nelson	Vice-President	Division 1	November 2024	Healthcare Research
Jeffrey C. Brown	Director	Division 2	November 2026	Investment Consultant
Timothy H. Hoag	Director	Division 3	November 2024	Pharmacist/Teacher
Terry L. Foreman	Director	Division 5	November 2026	Geologist/Hydrogeologist

General Manager

Daily operation of the District falls under the responsibility of the General Manager, Tony Stafford. The General Manager administers the day-to-day operations of the District in accordance with policies and procedures established by the Board of Directors. As General Manager, Mr. Stafford is responsible for the general oversight of the production and distribution of potable and non-potable water, as well as wastewater collection, treatment, and water recycling at the Camrosa Water Reclamation Facility (CWRF).

The District employs a full-time staff of 26 employees as of June 30, 2023. The District's Board of Directors meets on the second and fourth Thursday of each month. Meetings are publicly noticed and the public are welcome to attend.

District Services

Currently, the District provides three classes of water (potable, non-potable, and recycled) to a population of more than 32,700 people through approximately 11,381 meters, which includes 2,670 equivalent connections in three master-metered communities. The majority of these connections are municipal and industrial, and the remainder (126 as of June 2023) is agricultural.

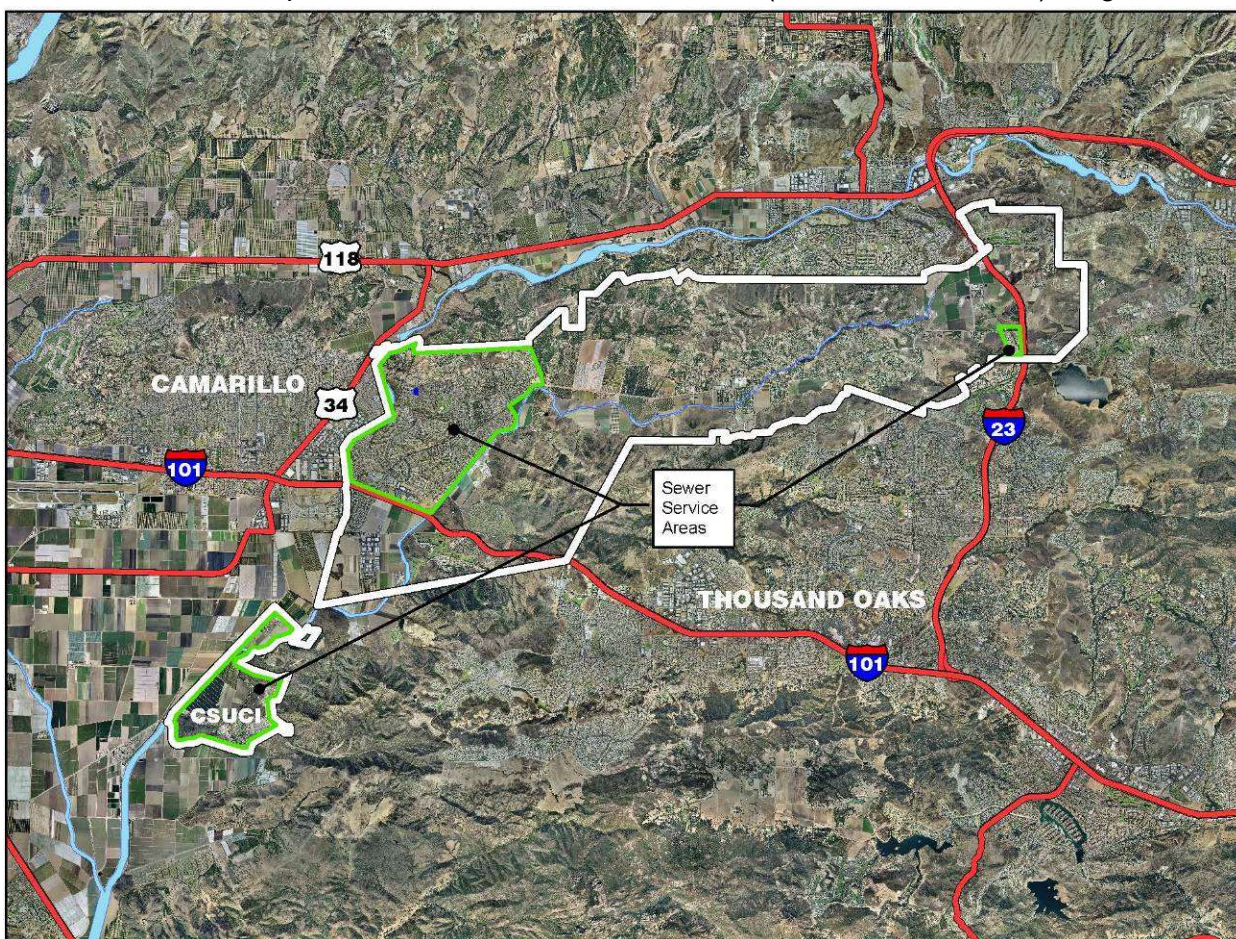


Figure 1 – District Boundaries

Potable water is a blend of imported State Water Project (SWP) water from the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta and local groundwater; non-potable surface water is a combination of diverted surface water and local groundwater; and recycled water is tertiary-treated product from the Camrosa Water Reclamation Facility (CWRF) and Camarillo Sanitary District. Imported accounts

for approximately 53% of potable supplies. The remaining 47% is groundwater that is treated at the wellhead and then pumped into the distribution system, either directly or after blending. In FY2022-23 the District delivered 5,189 acre-feet (AF) potable water, 3,944 AF non-potable water and 507 AF of recycled water, totaling 9,640 AF to its customers.

Residential customers make up approximately 88% (number of metered connections) of the District's customer base and consume approximately 45% of the water provided annually by the District.

Wastewater service is limited to 9,125 equivalent dwelling units (EDUs) in a portion of the City of Camarillo and a sliver of the City of Thousand Oaks; the remainder of the District is either served by the Camarillo Sanitary District or on septic systems.

Mission and Vision Statement

The District held four strategic planning workshops in the spring of 2022 and adopted a 2022 Strategic Plan in the summer of 2022.

This most recent Strategic Plan took into account that since the last revision of the plan in 2008 imported water costs have increased, as expected, but so too has its unreliability. Between climatic, legislative, litigatory, and political pressures on the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, the State Water Project no longer represents a dependable supply as it once did.

At the same time, the cost to produce local water has also increased, driven by an ever-expanding regulatory environment. Groundwater, water loss, conservation, environmental justice, rate setting—the list of current and impending regulatory constraints is long and expanding.

Navigating existing challenges and maximizing the organization's capacity to adapt starts with describing Camrosa's vision, priorities, and philosophy through the strategic planning process.

The 2022 Strategic Plan identified five goals:

- Water Supply Independence
- Infrastructure Integrity
- Prudent Financial Management
- Public Trust
- Service Excellence Through Organizational Development

Revised Mission and Vision Statements were established as part of the 2022 Strategic Plan. The Mission Statement reflects the District's responsibility to provide reliable, safe, and cost-effective water and wastewater services.

Our Mission

"The mission of Camrosa Water District is to provide reliable, safe, and cost-effective water and wastewater services."

Our Vision

"Camrosa Water District preserves and improves the quality of life for our customers through innovative leadership and exceptional customer service."

Economic Condition and Outlook

The California Water Crisis

Although this past winter was extremely wet, California's wet-to-dry swings have shown the importance of planning ahead for the next drought. For example, 2019 was one of the wettest calendar years in the past two decades, but it was followed by three very dry years. During this time, the California Department of Water Resources (DWR) and Metropolitan Water District (MWD) ended up not having sufficient supply to meet normal demands. This demonstrates the need to accelerate Camrosa's timeline for self-reliance and significantly reduce Camrosa's dependence on unreliable imported water supplies.

California's water supply crisis is an outcome of decades of substandard State water policy: California turned away from supporting major water infrastructure projects and towards perpetual demand management. DWR stood by while litigants and legislators whittled away its ability to fulfill its contractual obligations on the State Water Project. MWD has applied a portion of every dollar it ever collected from its ratepayers to build out and maintain its Colorado River Aqueduct system. However, despite this massive investment, MWD's conveyance is still unable to move significant quantities of Colorado River water to certain areas within its service region. These areas have been categorized as State Water Project Dependent Areas (SWPDA) because most—or all—of their imported water supplies are from the State Water Project. As a result of MWD's failed water policy, MWD's Board of Directors adopted the Emergency Water Conservation Program (EWCP) on April 26, 2022. These extreme conservation requirements applied only to the agencies within SWPDA but not to other MWD customers. The next day, Calleguas adopted the same EWCP, passing through mandatory conservation restrictions to its customers. MWD's EWCP went into effect June 1, 2022, and was removed by the MWD board in March 2023 following heavy winter precipitation.

Being within a SWPDA and continuing to be dependent on the imported water that MWD and Calleguas provide, Camrosa was compelled to choose between one-day-a-week watering of what is deemed "non-functional" turf and an allocation system that would leave the District with even less supply. On May 26, 2022, the District declared a Stage Two Water Supply Shortage, moving to one-day-a-week watering for residential and ornamental turf, requesting a 30% reduction from customers with parks, ballfields, and other community turf uses and a 20% reduction from potable agricultural users. As a result of the wet rainy season and heavy snowpack DWR announced a 100% state water project allocation resulting in MWD, CMWD and Camrosa removing all emergency water supply water conditional plans and watering restrictions for residential customers.

Providing a reliable source of water for our ratepayers is Camrosa's core mission, and we have long been focused on building the District's self-reliance to buffer against this cycle of planning failures and reactive edicts by MWD and the state. **The Board of Directors does not believe that conservation mandates should become "a way of life," as recent state legislation would have it, or that "brown is the new green."** Efficiency is important—in water as in the other resources of which we are stewards, including energy and public funds—but the District's purpose is to provide the water our customers need. We have slashed our dependence on imported water over the last twenty years, developing local projects like a brackish groundwater desalter and non-potable distribution systems to achieve greater control over our supply portfolio.

Doubling down on self-reliance will form the backbone of Camrosa's planning efforts for years to come. We're starting this fiscal year with feasibility studies and design for additional wells, backup wells, and treatment plants to increase our local production.

Externalities

Equipment and material delays continued, translating to longer lead times on orders and longer timelines on projects. This scarcity, as well as shipping constraints and general materials market volatility, has led to significant escalations in project costs. Dodge Data and Analytics reports that despite significant manufacturing increases in 2022, production is expected to see sharp declines in 2023. In addition, fuel cost increases impacted the availability and cost of materials, equipment, and shipping. The general construction and materials industries continue to see rising prices across the globe as well as material shortages on certain items.

The Impact of Weather

In the last ten years, Southern California has seen the wettest and driest months on record. These dramatic weather swings, depicted in Figure 1 below, exemplify the difficulty of forecasting water sales and highlight the necessity of maintaining a conservative financial outlook.

On April 20, 2023, DWR announced a 100 percent allocation as a result of reservoirs nearing capacity and snowmelt runoff starting to occur. This is up from 75 percent announced in March, 30 percent in January, and the initial 5 percent announced on December 1, 2022. The last time the SWP allocated 100 percent was in 2006.

This wet winter and strong runoff conditions has allowed the SWP to make additional water available to any contractor that has the ability to store the water in its own system, including through groundwater recharge. DWR is maximizing the capture and storage of this abundance of snowpack across the state. Formally known as Article 21 water, this additional water does not count toward SWP allocation amounts.

Locally, rainfall was 23.10 inches, recorded from the Camrosa Water District station, which is more than the ten-year average rainfall for the District of 11.13 inches a year and above the historical average of 15.2 inches a year. Local precipitation can impact demand, especially among agricultural customers and those with large landscapes, and it is important for recharging groundwater basins, which we produce our local supplies from and plan to increasingly rely on in the near future. Whether or not the trend towards lower precipitation we've seen over the last couple decades continues, Camrosa plans to adaptively manage its groundwater basins to maximize aquifer storage and recharge water—whether it's rainwater or another source. Camrosa will continue to develop local and regional water resource projects to build self-reliance. Many of these projects will be identified in the Master Plan that will be completed in Fall 2023.

Average Rainfall Fiscal Years 2014-2023

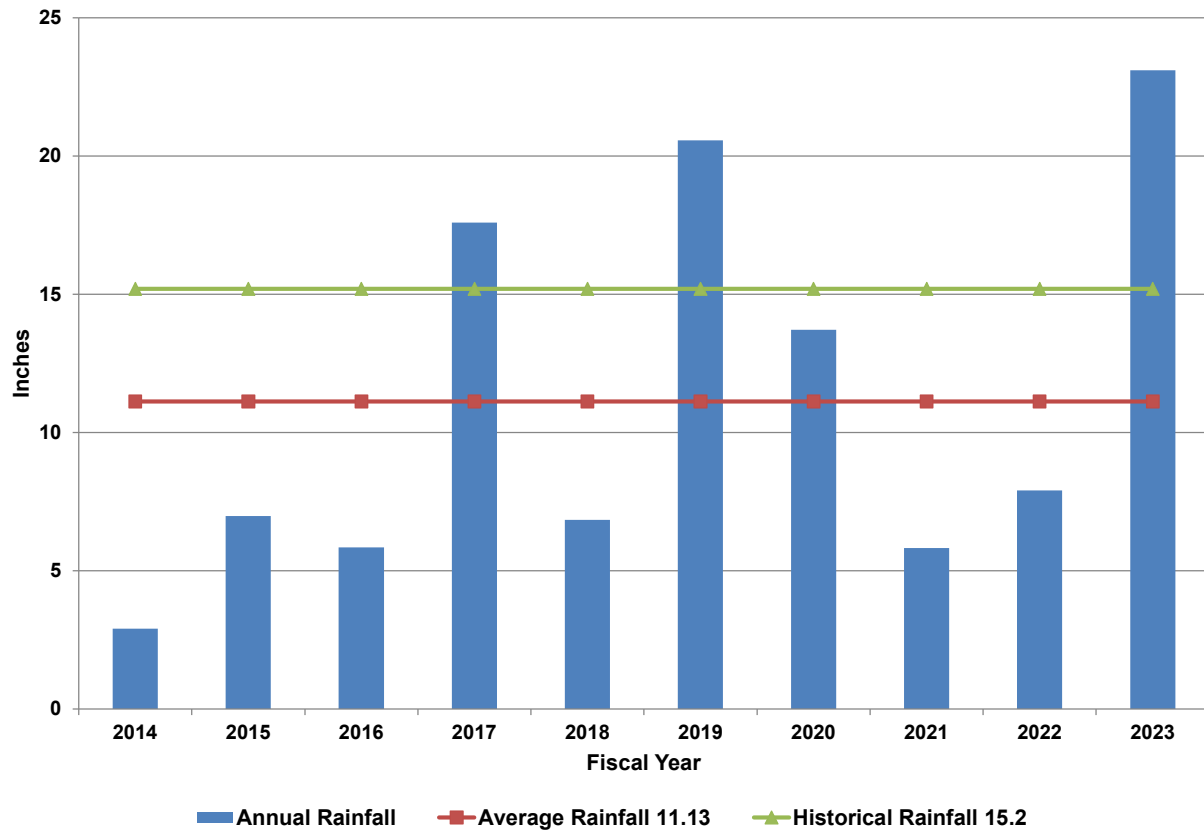


Figure 2 – Historical Rainfall

In general terms, the District went from delivering approximately 17,000 AFY before the FY2014-15 drought to slightly less than 10,000 AFY in FY2022-23. Variable weather patterns make it difficult to determine water-use patterns in the District service area, but generally speaking the trend is towards less per capita water use than in previous decades. The District has experienced a continued decrease in water sales in FY2022-23 as a result of state drought mandates and a long rainy season; water sales were 9,640 AF compared to 13,011 AF in FY2021-22. The following graph (Figure 3) reflects the District's acre-feet deliveries.

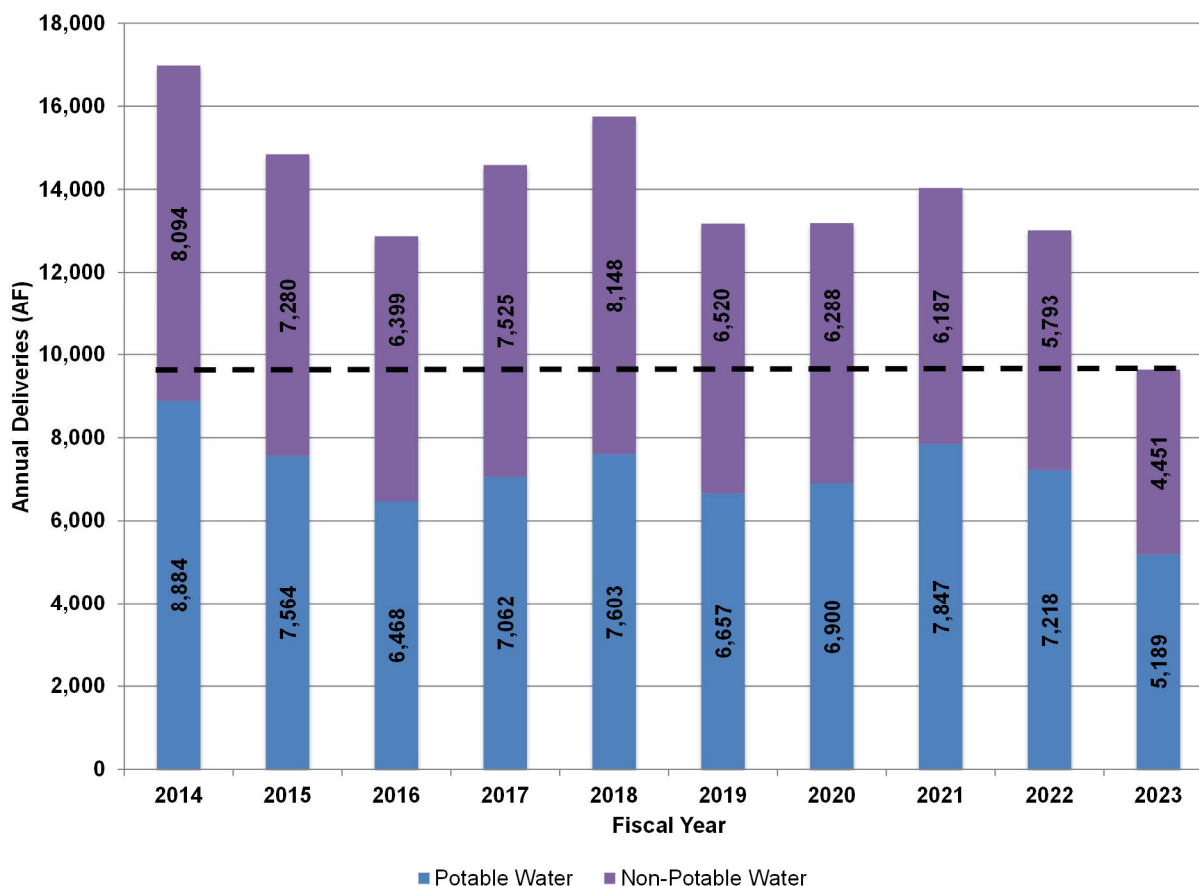


Figure 3 – Historical Acre-Feet Deliveries

Imported Water Rates

Camrosa's service area lies within the Metropolitan Water District (MWD) service area. The "imported water" we purchase from them, via Calleguas, is primarily State Water Project (SWP) water from the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta. It is the most expensive water in Camrosa's supply portfolio. The District's primary strategy for decades has been to reduce dependence on imported water by developing local resources. Reducing the proportion of Camrosa's water supply that we have to import helps mitigate the effects of reduced water sales; less of that total goes to cover the cost of imported water and can be redirected instead into additional local-resource projects. The following graph (Figure 4) reflects those efforts.

The trend was reversed in 2019, when the District's largest local resource, the Conejo Wellfield, was taken offline ahead of building a new treatment plant.

During FY2022-23 the District experienced a decrease in its imported water portfolio: 24 percent down from 41 percent the prior year. Although local well facilities were offline the percentage decrease of imported water supplies is directly related to the unusually low demand experienced during the fiscal year.

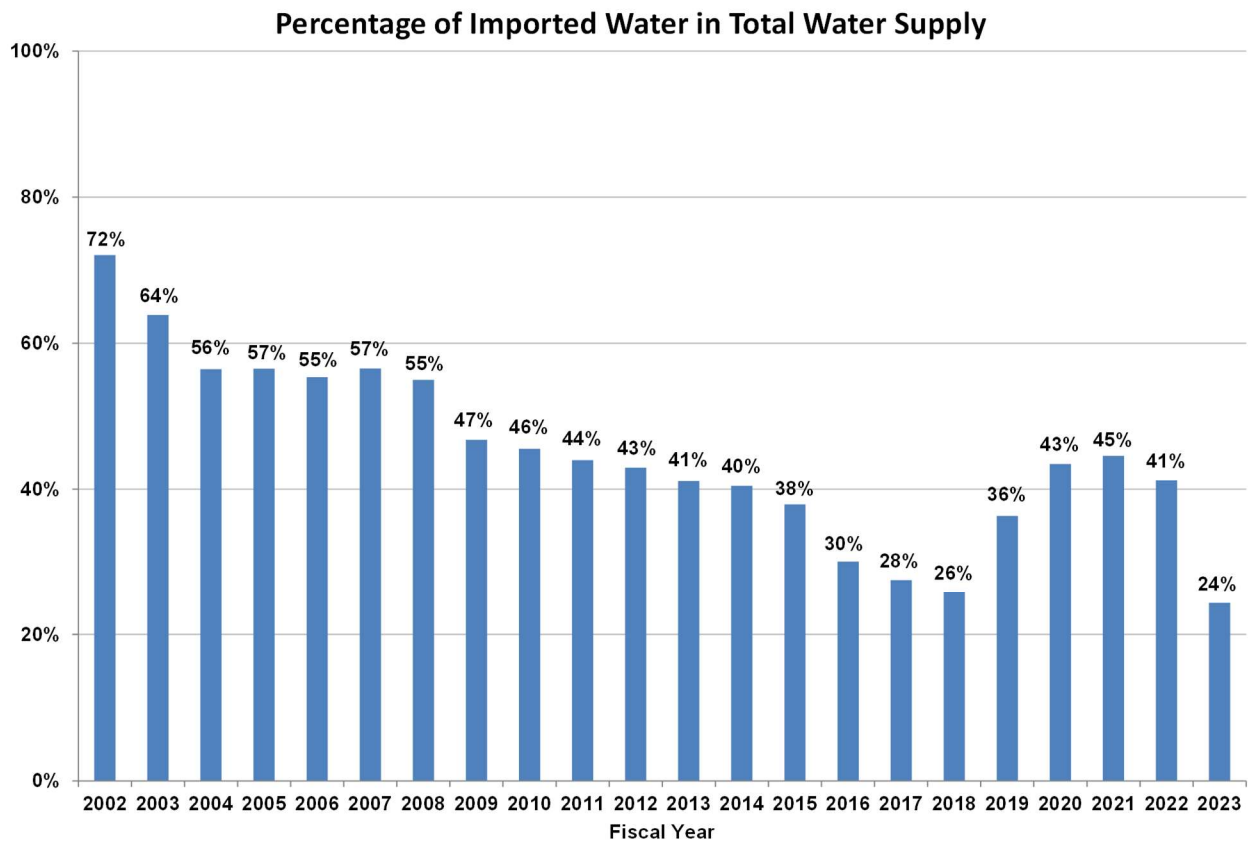


Figure 4 – Percentage of Imported Water in Total Water Supply

The following graph demonstrates the effects of Camrosa's commitment to building self-reliance over the last 20 years. As the diversity of supply sources increases, the percentage of the portfolio filled by imports has decreased. Since the Conejo Creek Project came online in 2002, Camrosa's demand on imported water has fallen off dramatically. Optimizing operations—filling reservoirs, moving water, blending water—has also allowed us to further reduce imports. Reductions in total water use since 2014 likely reflect some residual demand hardening from the emergency conservation regulations mandated during the drought, but also result from the wet winters of 2019 and 2020 and most recently in 2023.

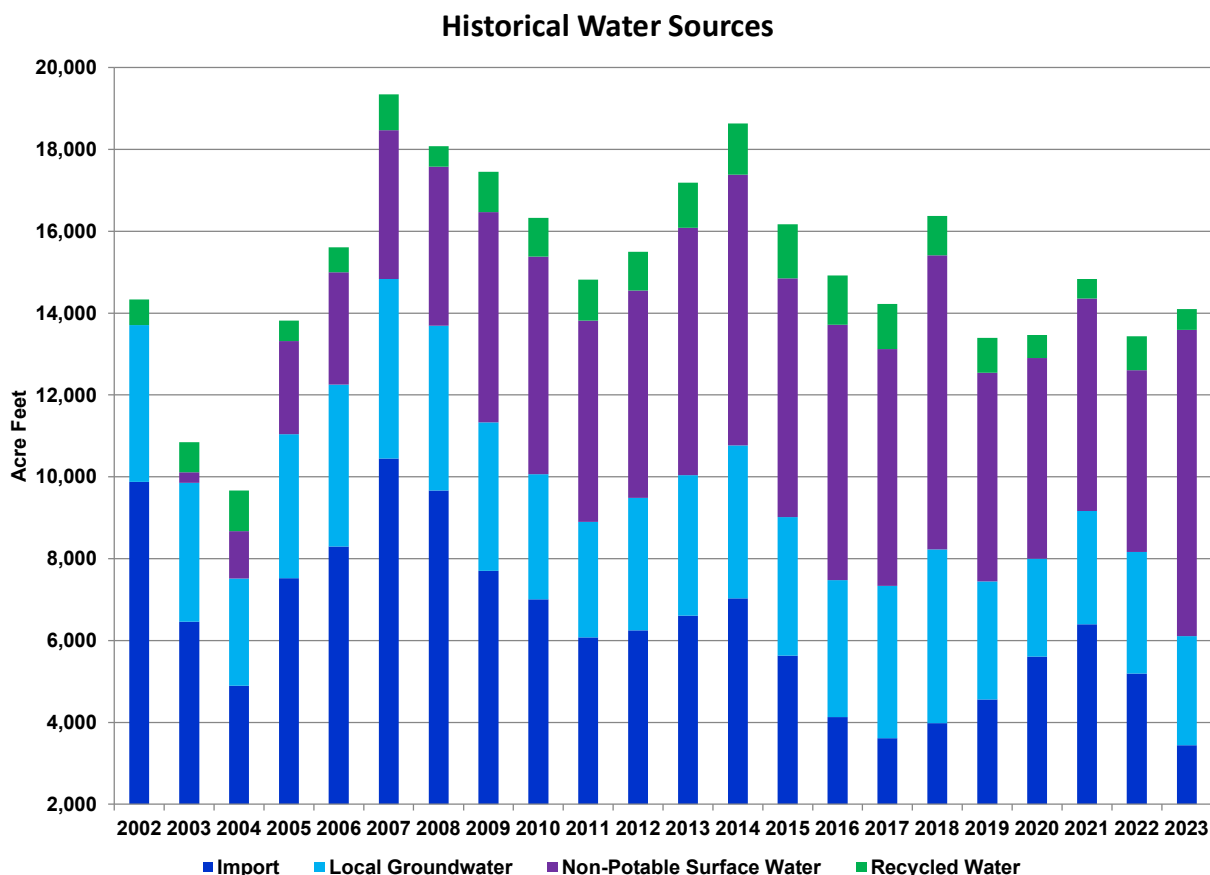


Figure 5 – Historical Water Sources

Camrosa also sells Conejo Creek water to Pleasant Valley County Water District (PVCWD), an agricultural district adjacent to Camrosa on the Oxnard Plain. Under Fox Canyon Groundwater Management Agency (FCGMA) Resolution 2014-01, PVCWD transfers to Camrosa one acre foot pumping credit in the Pleasant Valley Basin for each acre foot of creek water the District delivers. Camrosa pumps these credits from the Woodcreek Well and PV Well #2 in the northeastern Pleasant Valley Basin, where groundwater levels are higher and the basin is less stressed than in the areas where PVCWD has its wells.

With the completion of the CamSan Recycled Water Interconnection project in November 2019, Camrosa began receipt of recycled water from the Camarillo Sanitary District (CamSan). The City of Camarillo has a limited recycled water distribution system but does not have any storage; selling water to Camrosa helps the City avoid discharging to the creek and violating their NPDES permit and the cost of discharging to the Salinity Management Pipeline. Camrosa can store CamSan's water in the District's Storage Ponds and sell it to PVCWD, a practice codified in Camrosa's latest Waste Discharge Requirement permit authorized by the Los Angeles Regional

Water Quality Control Board on October 10, 2019. Recycled water does not accrue pumping credits as creek water does. This interconnection also increases Camrosa revenue, improves Camrosa operations, and contributes to regional water supply resilience. It is unknown how long CamSan will continue to have excess recycled water as the City of Camarillo expands its recycled water distribution system, but in the meantime, it is clearly a beneficial project for both agencies.

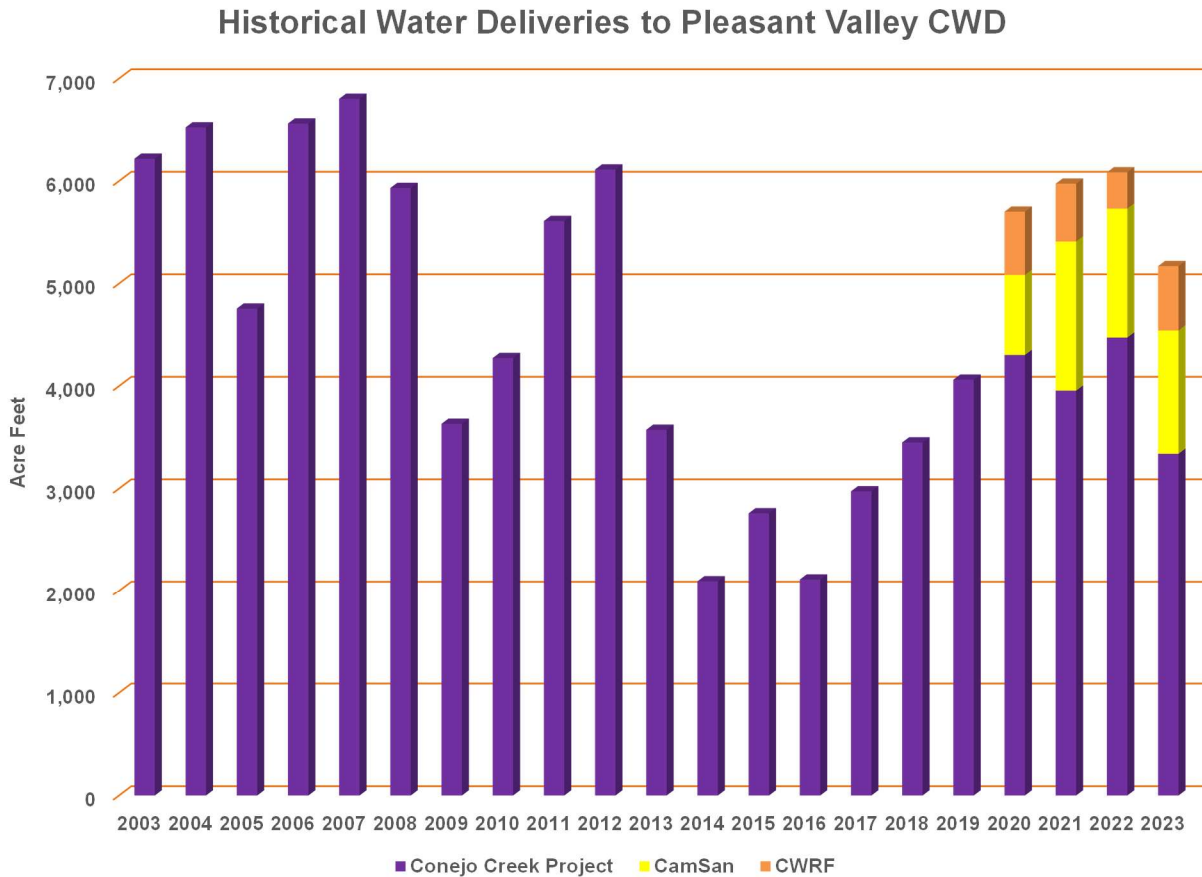


Figure 6 – Historical Water Deliveries to Pleasant Valley CWD

The expectation that wholesale rates for imported water will continue to escalate provides another incentive to increase self-reliance. In 2023, the MWD Tier 1 wholesale rates increased by 5.8% and in 2024 the Tier 1 wholesale rates will increase by an additional 3.9%. In addition to MWD's rate increases, Calleguas increased its Capital Construction Surcharge, Readiness-to-Serve Charge, and Capacity Reservation Charge, for a combined wholesale rate increases to the District of approximately 4.5% in 2023 and 6.0% in 2024. The following graph illustrates the projected cost of imported water.

Projected Cost of Imported Water

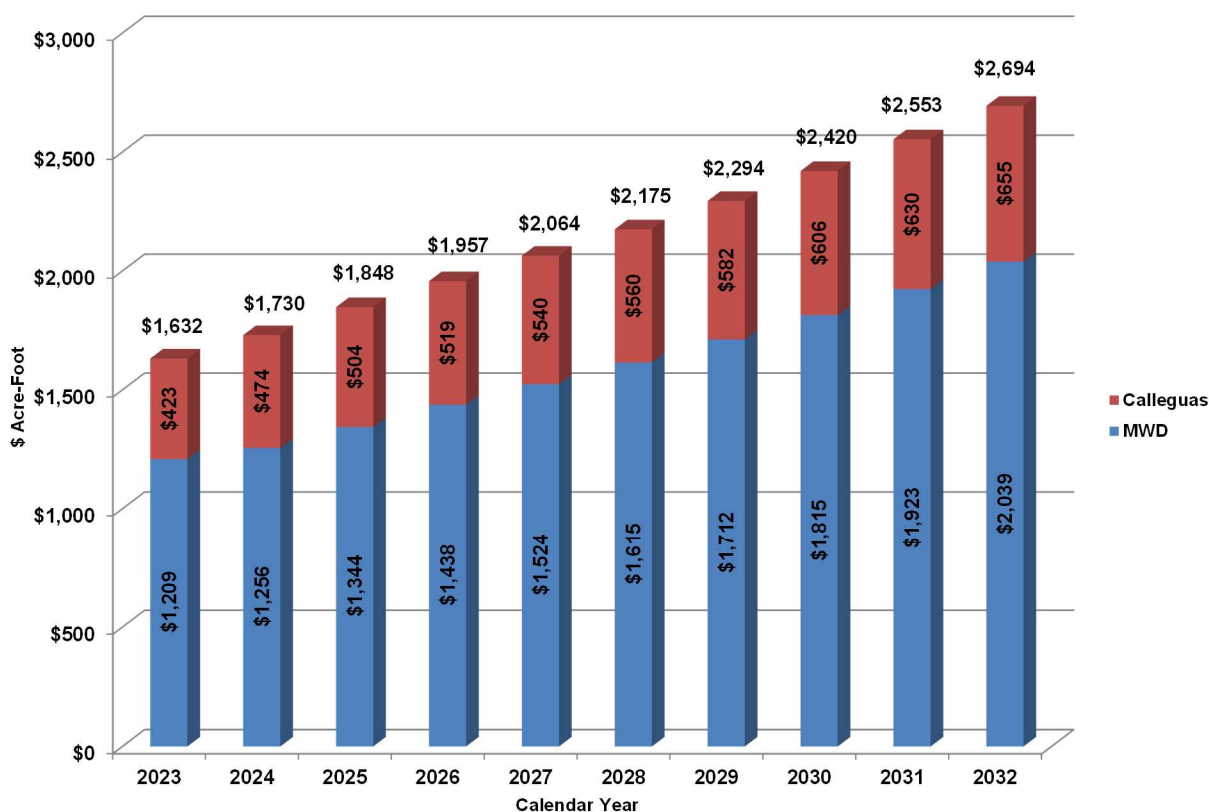


Figure 7 – Projected Cost of Imported Water

Major Accomplishments during FY2022-23

The District completed a number of capital projects during FY2022-23 that improved potable water, non-potable water, and wastewater operations, as well as general projects. Water system projects completed during the fiscal year include distribution system valve replacements, RMWTP concentrate pump, and pump station 2 generator fuel tank. Wastewater system projects completed include: Smartcovers sewer monitoring system, sewer lift 1 MCC, CWRf upgrades, and CWRf emergency generator fuel tank. General projects included the reservoir 1B communication facility and radio tower at 4B.

Internal Control Structure

District management is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of the internal control structure that ensures the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse. The internal control structure also ensures adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The District's internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely

to be derived, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Control

The District views the budget as an essential tool for proper financial management. The budget is developed with input from the various program managers of the organization and is adopted prior to the start of each fiscal year. Any and all supplemental appropriations to the budget must be approved by the Board of Directors. The Board monitors the budget through Quarterly Financial Reports, Quarterly Investment Reports, and Year-End Budget Reports.

Financial Policies

The District's Reserve Policy, the most recent version of which was adopted by Resolution of the Board on October 14, 2021, is intended to assure adequate reserves for ongoing needs while minimizing the need for new debt. The reserve levels established in the policy also help provide rate stabilization and ensure adequate fund levels to meet aging infrastructure replacements, unanticipated emergencies, and future growth. The Board receives reports of the reserve levels quarterly and during the budget preparation process to ensure continued conformance with long-term Board strategy.

The District's Investment Policy, the most recent version of which was adopted by Resolution of the Board on January 27, 2022, is intended to provide guidelines and restrictions for prudent investment of the District's cash reserves. The District's portfolio is carefully monitored by a four-member committee that includes the General Manager, the Manager of Finance, and two Board members. The full Board receives quarterly reports on the type of investments, the current yield, maturity dates, and fair value. The criteria for selecting investment options are, in order of priority: safety, liquidity, and yield. Generally, maturities are limited to two-year periods, and at least 25% of the portfolio will be invested in securities that can be liquidated on one day's notice. Investments are generally limited to government-issued or government-insured securities; for instance, the District currently has approximately \$7.2 million invested in the State's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) and \$32.7 million in treasury bills as of June 30, 2023.

The District formalized and adopted a Debt Management Policy on August 11, 2016. The policy provides the following: 1. establishes criteria for the issuance of debt obligations so that acceptable levels of indebtedness are maintained; 2. transmits the message to investors and rating agencies that the District is committed to sound financial management; and 3. provides consistency and continuity to public policy development when the elected Board of Directors work from guidelines that govern the planning and execution of transactions and projects.

The District's budget is presented as a policy document, an operational tool, a financial planning tool, a link to the Strategic Plan, and a method of communication with the District's community and stakeholders. The purpose of the Budget Policy is to provide guidelines that will influence and direct the financial management practice of the District. The District's Budget Policy was adopted by Resolution of the Board on January 26, 2017 to establish procedures ensuring consistent practices for developing the yearly budget.

The District's Pension Funding Policy was developed and adopted by Resolution of the Board in January 2021 and most recently updated on October 14, 2021. The policy is intended to provide guidance and strategies to current and future Board of Directors for addressing the District's retirement liabilities. This policy includes internal budgeting, policy directives, and financing mechanisms.

In addition to the basic financial statements, the District includes a Statistical Section, which provides both financial and non-financial trend data about the District and its operations.

Audit and Financial Reporting

State law and bond covenants require the District to obtain an annual audit of its financial statements by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP has conducted the audit of the District's financial statements. Their unmodified (clean) Independent Auditor's Report follows.

Other Information

More information is contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements which follow the Independent Auditor's Report.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2022. This was the eighth year the District has received this national prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government agency must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfies both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is only valid for a period of one year. Staff believes that its current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will submit it to the GFOA for review to ensure the highest quality in financial reporting.

In addition, the District also received the California Society of Municipal Financial Officer's (CSMFO) Operating Budgeting Excellence Award for its FY2022-23 annual operating budget document. This program is intended to "encourage and assist local governments to prepare budget documents of the very highest quality that reflect the guidelines established by the National Advisory Council on State and Local Budgeting."

I would like to thank the Board of Directors for their continued interest and support towards achieving excellence in financial management. Additionally, this report could not have been accomplished without the hard work and dedication of staff. Special recognition is extended to Tamara Sexton, Deputy General Manager/Finance and Sandra Llamas, Senior Accountant. District staff is dedicated to upholding the District's mission, implementing necessary improvements to operations and infrastructure, and pursuing alternatives to increase self-reliance, while remaining fiscally responsible and accountable to all those whom we serve.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Tony Stafford". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Tony" and last name "Stafford" clearly distinguishable.

Tony L. Stafford
General Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

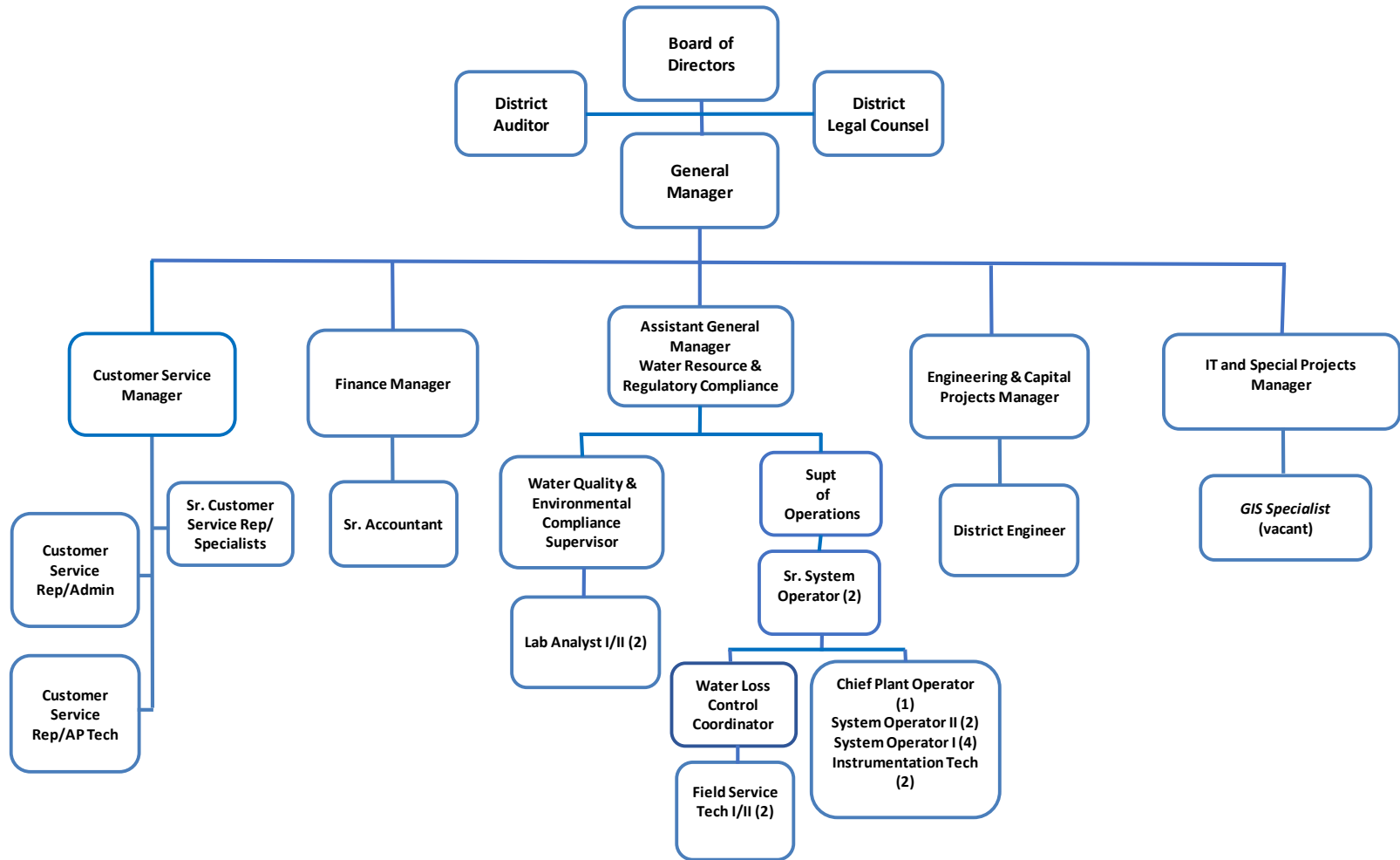
**Camrosa Water District
California**

For its Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morill

Executive Director/CEO



CAMROSA WATER DISTRICT



BUILDING WATER
SELF-RELIANCE

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Financial Section



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Camrosa Water District
Camarillo, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Camrosa Water District (the District), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position, and, its cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Changes in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2023, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, which has been implemented for the fiscal periods presented. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section, other information section, and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



CliftonLarsonAllen LLP
Irvine, California
September 27, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
(For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022)

The following discussion and analysis of the Camrosa Water District's (District) financial performance during FY2022-23 provides an overview of the District's operational activities that impacted the financial performance of the District. It should be reviewed in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the District's basic financial statements that begin on page 13.

Financial Highlights

The following chart displays FY2022-23 financial changes in comparison to FY2021-22 and FY2020-21:

- In FY2022-23, the District's net position decreased 1.1%, or \$1.1 million, to \$101.8 million. In FY2021-22, the District's net position increased by 29%, or \$23.1 million to \$102.9 million.
- In FY2022-23, the District's total revenues decreased by 40.4%, or \$16.9 million compared to FY2021-22 mainly because in FY2021-22, the District received settlement proceeds from groundwater litigation in the amount of \$16.2 million. In addition to that, water sales decreased by \$4.0 million due to unusually low demands resulting from a combination of above average rainfall in 2023, after a record drought and mandatory conservation. In FY2021-22, the District's total revenues increased by 50.2%, or \$13.9 million.
- In FY2022-23, the District's expenses increased by 41%, or \$7.5 million, which is mostly due to the effect of GASB 68 on pension expense. This is a non-cash item reflecting contributions made after measurement date and changes in the District's retirement Net Pension Liability/Asset and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources caused by changes in assumptions. This non-cash item resulted in a pension adjustment increasing expenses by \$4.0 million in FY2022-23. This same pension adjustment decreased expenses by \$5.0 million in FY2021-22. Water purchases decreased by \$2.6 million as decreased water sales resulting in a reduction of import water purchases.

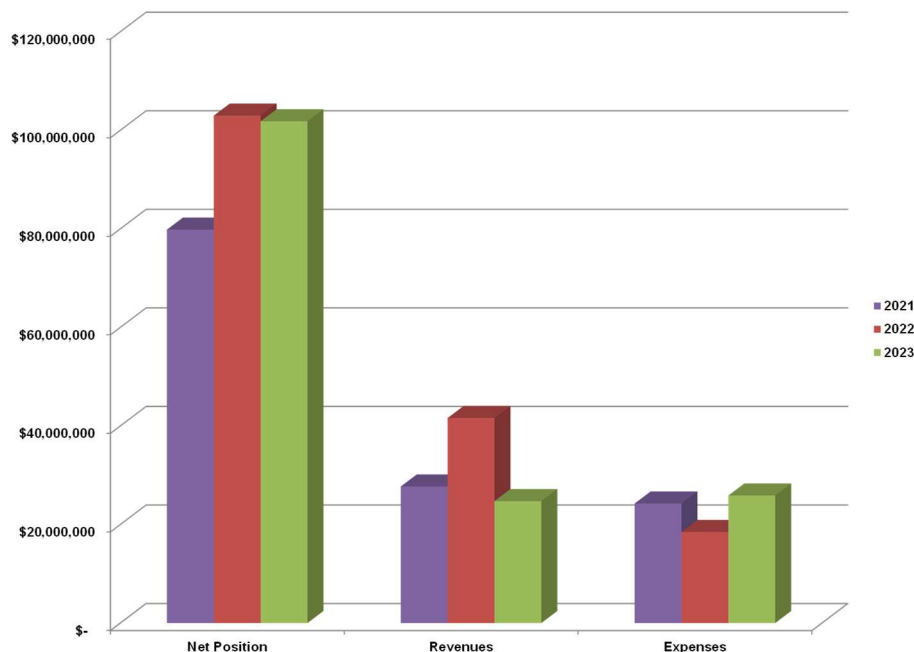


Figure 8 – Financial Highlights

Required Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements with accompanying notes. The *Statements of Net Position* reflects the solubility of the District at the end of FY2022-23 and provides a comparison of assets and liabilities as they existed at the end of the prior fiscal year. The *Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position* compares operational results from FY2022-23 with FY2021-22. The *Statements of Cash Flows* provides information about the District's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting periods.

Method of Accounting: The District uses a single enterprise fund for accounting and reporting the results of all operations. The statements referenced above include all assets and liabilities using an accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Notes to Financial Statements: The notes that follow the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18-45.

District as a Whole

The District is operated and reported as a single enterprise fund. The operating results reported in the accompanying financial statements reflect the total performance of the District as a whole.

Net Position Analysis

One way of evaluating the District's financial health is through the *Statements of Net Position*. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's *net position* – the difference between assets (what the District owns) and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities (what the District owes) and deferred inflows of resources – indicate whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's jurisdiction, the status of capital projects, and the level of continuing constituent support, must always be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

The following is a summary of the *Statements of Net Position* of the District and the change in comparison to the two prior fiscal years:

	(in millions)				
<u>Assets</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>Change</u>
Current Assets	\$46.3	\$49.9	(\$3.6)	\$33.5	\$16.4
Restricted Cash	0.9	2.0	(1.1)	4.7	(2.7)
Capital Assets (net of depreciation)	69.3	62.4	6.9	57.3	5.1
Lease and SBITA Assets Being Amortized, net	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	(0.1)
Other Non-Current Assets	0.0	2.7	(2.7)	0.0	2.7
<u>Total Assets</u>	<u>116.9</u>	<u>117.2</u>	<u>(0.3)</u>	<u>95.8</u>	<u>21.4</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4.3	6.1	(1.8)	4.4	1.7
<u>Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>\$121.2</u>	<u>\$123.3</u>	<u>(\$2.1)</u>	<u>\$100.2</u>	<u>\$23.1</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Long-Term Debt	\$11.2	\$11.9	\$0.7	\$12.7	\$0.8
Long-Term Lease Liability	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.1
Net Pension Liability	0.7	0.0	(0.7)	0.0	0.0
Other Liabilities	5.6	5.5	(0.1)	4.1	(1.4)
<u>Total Liabilities</u>	<u>17.7</u>	<u>17.6</u>	<u>(0.1)</u>	<u>17.1</u>	<u>(0.5)</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1.7	2.9	1.2	3.3	0.4
<u>Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>\$19.4</u>	<u>\$20.5</u>	<u>\$1.1</u>	<u>\$20.4</u>	<u>(\$0.1)</u>
<u>Net Position</u>					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$57.9	\$51.2	\$6.7	\$50.0	\$1.2
Restricted Net Position	2.2	4.4	(2.2)	3.0	1.4
Unrestricted Net Position	41.7	47.3	(5.6)	26.8	20.5
<u>Total Net Position</u>	<u>\$101.8</u>	<u>\$102.9</u>	<u>(\$1.1)</u>	<u>\$79.8</u>	<u>\$23.1</u>

If net position serves as a useful indicator of an institution's financial position, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$101.8 million at June 30, 2023 and by \$102.9 million at June 30, 2022, which indicate it is of sound financial health.

By far the largest portion of the District's net position reflects Net Investment in Capital Assets, which represent Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less any related debt used to acquire those assets plus any unspent funds. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to customers within the District's service area; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, Total Net Position decreased by \$1.1 million and increased by \$23.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2022. In FY2022-23 Current Assets decreased by \$3.6 million mainly due to decreased water sales and increased capital expenditures. Capital Assets Net of Depreciation increased by \$6.9 million due to projects completed during the year, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions decreased by \$1.8 million. Total liabilities increased by \$0.1 million. Long term debt decreased by \$0.7 million due to principal payment and amortization of debt premium during the fiscal year and for Fiscal Year 2022-23, the

District has a net pension liability in the amount of \$0.7 million. Other liabilities increased by \$0.1 million. Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions increased by \$1.2 million.

In FY2021-22 Current Assets increased by \$16.4 million mainly due to settlement proceeds from groundwater litigation in the amount of \$16.2 million. Restricted cash decreased by \$2.7 million due to a decrease in the 2016 bonds water acquisition funds related to reimbursement of capital expenses for the same amount. Capital Assets Net of Depreciation increased by \$5.1 million due to projects completed during the year, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions increased by \$1.7 million. Total liabilities increased by \$0.50 million mainly due to an increase in accounts payable in the amount of \$1.3 million, most of it related to expenditures incurred as of the end of the fiscal year for the construction of the Conejo Wellfield Treatment project, which had substantial progress during this fiscal year, a decrease in long term debt by \$0.8 million related to principal payment and amortization of debt premium during the fiscal year. Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions decreased by \$0.4 million.

The following is a summary of the *Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position* of the District with a comparison to the two prior fiscal years:

	<u>Changes in Net Position</u>				
	(in millions)				
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>Change</u>
Beginning Balance	\$102.9	\$79.8	\$23.1	\$76.4	\$3.4
Operating Revenues	21.5	25.1	(3.6)	25.6	(0.5)
Operating Expenses	(25.5)	(18.1)	(7.4)	(23.8)	5.7
Non-Operating Revenues	2.5	16.5	(14.0)	0.7	15.8
Non-Operating Expenses	(0.4)	(0.4)	0.0	(0.5)	0.1
Capital Contributions	0.6	0.0	0.6	1.4	(1.4)
Grants	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
<u>*Total Net Position</u>	\$101.8	\$102.9	(\$1.1)	\$79.8	\$23.1

Revenue

Revenue generated from operations accounts for 86% of total revenue. Other Non-Operating Revenues, such as taxes and interest revenue contribute 10% of total revenue, and capital contributions, grant income, and uncollectible accounts recovery make up the remaining 4% of total revenue.

Water rates are comprised of a commodity (usage) charge and a fixed meter service fee. Sewer rates are a fixed fee, billed monthly. The District conducted a Proposition 218 public hearing on June 13, 2019, at which the Board adopted a five-year rate schedule that includes various increases for the commodity and meter service charges for both water and wastewater services.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position provides answers as to the nature and source of the changes of financial position. The following summary of revenues by source is provided for the past three fiscal years:

<u>Total Revenues</u>					
	(in millions)				
<u>Operating Revenues</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>Change</u>
Water Revenue	\$14.4	\$18.4	(\$4.0)	\$19.3	(\$0.9)
Meter Revenue	2.6	2.5	0.1	2.3	0.2
Sewer Revenue	4.4	4.1	0.3	3.9	0.2
Other	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
<u>Total Operating Revenues</u>	<u>\$21.5</u>	<u>\$25.1</u>	<u>(\$3.6)</u>	<u>\$25.6</u>	<u>(\$0.5)</u>
<u>Non-Operating Revenues</u>					
Property Taxes	\$0.8	\$0.7	\$0.1	\$0.7	\$0.0
Legal Settlement	0.0	16.2	(16.2)	0.0	16.2
Uncollectible Accounts Recovery	0.1		0.1		
Interest Income	1.6	(0.4)	2.0	0.0	(0.4)
<u>Total Non-Operating Revenues</u>	<u>\$2.5</u>	<u>\$16.5</u>	<u>(\$14.1)</u>	<u>\$0.7</u>	<u>\$15.8</u>
<u>Total Revenues Before Capital Contributions and Grants</u>	<u>\$24.0</u>	<u>\$41.6</u>	<u>(\$17.7)</u>	<u>\$26.3</u>	<u>\$15.3</u>
Capital Contributions	\$0.6	\$0.0	\$0.6	\$1.4	(\$1.4)
Capital Grant Income	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
<u>Total Revenues After Capital Contributions and Grants</u>	<u>\$24.8</u>	<u>\$41.6</u>	<u>(\$16.9)</u>	<u>\$27.7</u>	<u>\$13.9</u>

The District's Operating Revenue decreased by \$3.6 million in FY2022-23 and decreased by \$0.5 million in FY2021-22. The decrease in FY2022-23 was a result of lower water sales due to unusually low demands resulting from a combination of above average rainfall, after a record drought and mandatory conservation. Water demand decreased from 13,011 AF in FY2021-22 to 9,640 AF in FY2022-23.

The decrease in FY2021-22 was a result of lower water demand from 14,034 AF in FY2020-21 to 13,011 AF in FY2021-22.

Expenses

Expenses for Water Purchases and Utilities represent 40% of total Direct Operating Expenses. Salaries and Benefits represent 36% of total Direct Operating Expenses. Salaries and benefits include a non-cash item related to GASB 68 accounting for pensions, which accounts for 18% of the 36%. All other expenses account for 24% of the total Direct Operating Expenses for the period. The following summary of expenses by category is provided for the past three fiscal years:

	<u>Total Expenses</u>				
	(in millions)				
<u>Operating Expenses</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>Change</u>
Water Purchases	\$7.0	\$9.6	(\$2.6)	\$11.4	(\$1.8)
Salaries and Benefits	7.9	(1.1)	9.0	4.2	(5.3)
Utilities	1.8	1.9	(0.1)	1.5	0.4
Other	5.5	4.5	1.0	3.7	0.8
<u>Direct Operating Expenses</u>	<u>\$22.2</u>	<u>\$14.9</u>	<u>\$7.3</u>	<u>\$20.8</u>	<u>(\$5.9)</u>
Depreciation & Amortization	3.3	3.1	0.2	3.0	0.1
<u>Total Operating Expenses</u>	<u>\$25.5</u>	<u>\$18.0</u>	<u>\$7.5</u>	<u>\$23.8</u>	<u>(\$5.8)</u>
<u>Non-Operating Expenses</u>					
Interest Expense	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0
<u>Total Non-Operating Expenses</u>	<u>\$0.4</u>	<u>\$0.4</u>	<u>\$0.0</u>	<u>\$0.4</u>	<u>\$0.0</u>
<u>Total Expenses</u>	<u>\$25.9</u>	<u>\$18.4</u>	<u>\$7.5</u>	<u>\$24.2</u>	<u>(\$5.8)</u>

Total Direct Operating Expenses increased by \$7.3 million in FY2022-23 and decreased by \$5.9 million in FY2021-22. In FY2022-23, salaries and benefits increased by \$9.0 million mainly due to actuarial calculations to determine the District's Net Pension Liability/Asset and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources as of the end of the fiscal year. This is a non-cash item that increased the District's benefits expense by \$4.0 million. This non-cash item reduced benefits expense in FY2021-22 by \$5.0 million due to CalPERS experiencing higher than expected earnings and the District's payment of its Unfunded Accrued Liability in FY2019-20. Salaries and benefits excluding the above non-cash pension adjustment increased by \$0.1 million in FY2022-23. In addition, water purchases decreased by \$2.6 million due to a combination of reduced water sales and import water purchases. Utilities decreased by \$0.1 million and Other Direct Operating Expenses increased by \$1.0 million.

Total Non-Operating Expenses remain the same for both FY2022-23 and FY2021-22.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

<u>Net Capital Assets</u>					
(in millions)					
<u>Capital Assets</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>Change</u>
Water Plant	\$75.3	\$74.7	\$0.6	\$72.7	\$2.0
Sanitation Plant	33.0	31.6	1.4	31.1	0.5
Buildings & Equipment	5.1	4.3	0.8	4.1	0.2
Land and Easements	1.9	1.9	0.0	1.9	0.0
Lease & SBITA Assets	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.0
Construction in Progress	19.1	11.7	7.4	6.4	5.3
	<u>\$135.0</u>	<u>\$124.6</u>	<u>\$10.4</u>	<u>\$116.6</u>	<u>\$8.0</u>
Less:					
Accumulated Depreciation	65.1	61.9	3.2	58.9	3.0
Accumulated Amortization	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
	<u>65.3</u>	<u>62.0</u>	<u>3.3</u>	<u>59.0</u>	<u>3.0</u>
<u>Net Capital Assets</u>	\$69.7	\$62.6	\$7.1	\$57.6	\$5.0

Total Capital Assets increased \$10.4 million (before depreciation) during the FY2022-23 and by \$8.0 million during FY2021-22, reflecting a net increase in the value of the Water Plant, Sanitation Plant and Construction in Progress. Please see note 3, page 29, to the basic financial statements for further detail.

The District completed a number of capital projects during FY2022-23 that improved potable water, non-potable water, and wastewater operations, as well as general projects. Water system projects completed during the fiscal year include Distribution System Valve Replacements, Concentrate Pump, and Pump Station 2 Generator and Fuel Tank. Wastewater system projects completed include: Smartcovers sewer manholes, CWRP Emergency Generator Fuel Tank, Sewer Lift 1 MCC, and CWRP Upgrades. General Projects completed include Reservoir 1B Communication Facility and Radio Tower at 4B Reservoir Site.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the District had the following long-term debt obligations:

2016A Water and Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds	\$ 11,156,688
Less current portion	749,188
Net Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 10,407,500</u>

The District issued \$9,630,000 in 2011A project bonds in September 2011. Proceeds of the bonds were designated to fund \$6,508,000 of water capital projects and \$2,447,000 of wastewater capital projects. In September 2016, District advance refunded the 2011A bonds and obtained additional funding in the amount of \$6,000,000, with the issuance of the Water and Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2016A, for water projects. Please see note 4, page 30, regarding the basic financial statements for further discussion.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the General Manager, 7385 Santa Rosa Road, Camarillo, CA 93012.

Financial Statements

Camrosa Water District
Statements of Net Position
June 30, 2023 and 2022

Assets	2023	2022
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 41,946,860	\$ 45,843,882
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	994,181	727,768
Receivables:		
Customer - Net of Allowance for Doubtful		
Accounts of \$10,000 and \$7,500 at June 30, 2023		
and 2022, respectively	2,486,680	2,570,430
Interest	73,496	70,990
Property Taxes	26,652	18,091
Grants and Other Reimbursements	279,459	132,941
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets	534,142	555,798
Total Current Assets	46,341,470	49,919,900
Non-current Assets		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	902,521	2,004,238
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	21,034,427	13,614,528
Capital Assets Being Depreciated	48,300,304	48,789,563
Capital Lease Assets Being Amortized, Net	320,198	241,422
Capital SBITA Assets Being Amortized, Net	35,823	-
Net Pension Asset	-	2,716,085
Total Non-current Assets	70,593,273	67,365,836
Total Assets	116,934,743	117,285,736
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred Loss From Debt Refunding	468,885	531,029
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	3,814,439	5,612,688
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,283,324	6,143,717

Camrosa Water District
Statements of Net Position (Continued)
June 30, 2023 and 2022

Liabilities	2023	2022
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	4,157,514	4,165,425
Accrued Interest Payable	162,657	177,616
Wages, Benefits and Payroll Taxes Payable	138,232	120,375
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	309,184	304,140
Customer Surety Deposits	556,931	490,746
Other Liabilities	82,631	102,772
Current Portion of Lease Liability	99,087	69,023
Current Portion of SBITA Liability	16,507	-
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	749,188	714,188
Total Current Liabilities	6,271,931	6,144,285
Long-Term Liabilities		
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Portion	10,407,500	11,156,688
Long-Term Lease Liability, Net of Current Portion	222,678	172,249
Long-Term SBITA Liability, Net of Current Portion	20,127	-
Compensated Absences, Net of Current Portion	127,659	120,423
Net Pension Liability	663,202	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	11,441,166	11,449,360
Total Liabilities	17,713,097	17,593,645
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	1,669,544	2,857,731
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	57,885,060	51,236,026
Restricted Net Position:		
Pension Benefits	-	2,716,085
Mitigation & In-Lieu Fees	1,941,959	1,643,216
Escrow Account-Contractor's Retention	274,593	59,406
Unrestricted Net Position	41,733,814	47,323,344
Total Net Position	\$ 101,835,426	\$ 102,978,077

Camrosa Water District
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

	2023	2022
Operating Revenues		
Potable Water Sales	\$ 9,226,803	\$ 12,306,154
Non-Potable Water Sales	5,193,699	6,077,324
Meter Service Fees	2,608,043	2,515,456
Sewer Service Fess	4,423,016	4,090,152
Other Revenue	116,470	156,873
Total Operating Revenues	21,568,031	25,145,959
Operating Expenses		
Potable Water Purchases	5,728,298	8,228,142
Non-Potable Water Purchases	1,272,412	1,364,752
Salaries	2,991,013	2,728,498
Employee Benefits	958,027	1,116,153
Pension Adjustment	3,989,349	(4,992,408)
Outside Contracts	1,874,005	1,431,662
Professional Services	977,842	756,624
Utilities	1,815,831	1,896,149
Communications	89,688	75,191
Repairs and Maintenance	1,214,545	1,088,094
Supplies	556,641	683,328
Legal Services	55,490	60,313
Dues and Subscriptions	53,863	48,857
Conference and Travel	24,267	15,245
Safety and Training	21,888	24,672
Board	156,485	126,254
Fees and Charges	289,097	206,373
Insurance	117,134	94,533
Amortization	93,061	76,356
Depreciation	3,214,602	3,030,887
Total Operating Expenses	25,493,538	18,059,675
Operating Income (Loss)	(3,925,507)	7,086,284
Non-Operating Revenues		
Gain on Sale of Asset	1,725	-
Investment Income	1,639,628	(440,009)
Legal Settlement	-	16,191,774
Property Taxes	772,770	721,241
Total Non-Operating Revenues	2,414,123	16,473,006
Non-Operating Expenses		
Interest Expense	(396,416)	(424,945)
Total Non-Operating Expenses	(396,416)	(424,945)
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Grants	(1,907,800)	23,134,345
Capital Contributions	588,068	-
Capital Grant Income	177,081	187
Change in Net Position	(1,142,651)	23,134,532
Net Position at Beginning of Year	102,978,077	79,843,545
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 101,835,426	\$ 102,978,077

The Notes To Financial Statements Are An Integral Part Of These Statements.

Camrosa Water District
Statements of Cash Flows
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash Received from User Charges	\$ 21,544,745	\$ 25,047,318
Other Operating Receipts	86,895	120,362
Cash Payments to Employees	(3,015,062)	(2,773,284)
Cash Payments for Operating Expenses	<u>(15,137,582)</u>	<u>(15,968,890)</u>
Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Operating Activities	<u>3,478,996</u>	<u>6,425,506</u>
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
Property Taxes	764,209	723,426
Surety Deposits	<u>66,185</u>	<u>52,588</u>
Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Non-Capital Financing Activities	<u>830,394</u>	<u>776,014</u>
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Purchases of Capital Assets	(10,145,658)	(8,146,476)
Proceeds from Water and Sewer Capital Fees	588,068	-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	1,725	-
Receipt of Grants and Other Reimbursements	30,563	21,750
Receipt of Legal Settlement	-	16,191,774
Repayment of Long-Term Debt	(660,000)	(640,000)
Repayment of SBITTA Liability	(13,239)	-
Repayment of Lease Liability	(76,877)	(72,692)
Interest Payments	<u>(403,418)</u>	<u>(428,592)</u>
Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(10,678,836)</u>	<u>6,925,764</u>
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest Income	1,273,780	81,766
Purchase of Investments		(569,923)
Sale of Investments	<u>363,340</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Investing Activities	<u>1,637,120</u>	<u>(488,157)</u>
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(4,732,326)	13,639,127
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	<u>48,575,888</u>	<u>34,936,761</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	<u>\$ 43,843,562</u>	<u>\$ 48,575,888</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents- Financial Statement Classification:		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	41,946,860	45,843,882
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	994,181	727,768
Non-current Assets		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>902,521</u>	<u>2,004,238</u>
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 43,843,562</u>	<u>\$ 48,575,888</u>

Camrosa Water District
Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (3,925,507)	\$ 7,086,284
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Net Income to Net		
Cash Provided/(Used) by Operating Activities		
Depreciation	3,214,602	3,030,887
Lease Amortization	93,061	76,356
(Increase)/Decrease in Operating Assets		
Customer Receivables	83,750	69,397
Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets	21,656	(64,642)
Deferred outflows related to pension	1,798,249	(1,812,928)
Net Pension Asset	2,716,085	(2,690,858)
Accounts Payable	(7,911)	1,333,613
Wages, Benefits and Payroll Taxes Payable	(36,329)	(58,083)
Compensated Absences	12,280	13,297
Other Current Liabilities	34,045	(74,373)
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(1,188,187)	(483,444)
Net pension liability	663,202	-
Net Cash Provided/(Used) By Operating Activities	<u>\$ 3,478,996</u>	<u>\$ 6,425,506</u>

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Organization and Operation of the Reporting Entity

The Camrosa Water District (District), a special district of the State of California, was created in 1962 and operates under the authority of Division 12 of the California Water Code. The District is primarily engaged in the activities of selling and delivering water and collecting and treating wastewater. The District's service area includes portions of the cities of Camarillo, Thousand Oaks and Moorpark, and an unincorporated portion of the County of Ventura. The District's five-member Board of Directors comprises representatives from five geographical divisions of the District who are elected at large.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

These financial statements present the District and its component units, the Camrosa Water District Financing Authority and the Arroyo Santa Rosa Groundwater Sustainability Agency. As defined by GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as component units, for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. The District is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) is able to impose its will on the organization, (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to or impose specific financial burden on the District, (3) management (below the level of elected officials) of the primary government have operational responsibility for the activities of the component unit, or (4) the component unit's total debt is expected to be repaid entirely with resources of the primary government.

The Camrosa Water District Financing Authority (Authority) is authorized to buy, sell and lease property and to issue bonds, expend bond proceeds, and borrow and loan money for any of its corporate purposes pursuant to the Act and a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement Relating to the California Municipal Finance Authority, dated as of January 1, 2004, by and among the cities, counties, districts and other political subdivisions that are parties to that agreement. The District's Board of Directors acts as the governing body of the Authority. The decision to blend the Authority was reached due to the District's Board of Directors governing the Authority, as well as the District's management responsibility of the operations.

The Arroyo Santa Rosa Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA) serves as the GSA for the Arroyo Santa Rosa Valley Basin. The GSA was originally designated as a medium-priority basin due to high nitrate concentrations, and the County of Ventura and Camrosa formed a GSA in 2016 to manage the portion of the basin east of the Bailey Fault, outside the Fox Canyon Groundwater Management Agency (FCGMA). Administrative fees to support the operation of the Arroyo Santa Rosa GSA will come from contributions by the County of Ventura and Camrosa. These costs are estimated at \$185,600 for FY2023-24 and they include expenses related to the administration and management of the GSA. The decision to blend the Arroyo Santa Rosa Valley Basin GSA was reached due to the fact that the component unit has substantively the same governing body as the District, and the operational responsibility for the Component Unit rest with management of the District. Five of six board members are board members of the District and the General Manager of the District is also the Executive Officer of the GSA.

B. Basis of Accounting

The Camrosa Water District is accounted for as an enterprise fund in accordance with GAAP as applied to governmental units. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the expenses, including depreciation, of providing goods or services to the general public are recovered through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, and other purposes. Because the Camrosa Water District is accounted for as an enterprise fund, the District uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used for financial statement reporting purposes.

Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing goods and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include: the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

C. Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements provide information about the District's proprietary fund. The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector.

D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Significant estimates used in preparing these financial statements include:

- Accrual of net pension liability

The District believes the techniques and assumptions used in establishing these estimates are appropriate.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

F. Investments

Investments are carried at fair value.

G. Accounts Receivables and Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Water and Wastewater revenues are billed on the tenth of every month. Revenues resulting from customer usage occurring after the last meter reading date and prior to the end of the year are accrued. This accrual is reflected under customer receivables in the Statement of Net Position. As of June 30, 2023, customer receivables net of allowance for doubtful accounts were \$2,486,680 and \$2,570,430 at June 30, 2022.

The District uses the allowance method, and a provision has been made for bad debts. Accounts for which no payments have been received are written off at the discretion of management. Accounts receivable as reflected in the financial statements are from customers located within the cities of Camarillo, Thousand Oaks and Moorpark, and an unincorporated portion of the County of Ventura.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Examples of prepaid items for the District are property and liability insurance premiums and payments for software maintenance, and meters that have not been installed.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets that are acquired and/or constructed are capitalized at historical cost. District policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000. Upon retirement or other disposition of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective balances and any gains or losses are recognized. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Water Plant	20-40 years
Sanitation Plant	20-50 years
Buildings and Equipment	3-50 years

Right-to-use lease assets are initially measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) assets are initially measured as the sum of the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term, payments associated with the SBITA contract made to the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the subscription term, when applicable, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any SBITA vendor incentives received from the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the SBITA term. SBITA assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets.

J. Construction in Progress

Construction in progress represents cost accumulated for the replacement and improvement of the District's water and wastewater systems as well as the rehabilitation of structures and other projects that were not completed as of year-end.

K. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Deferred amount on debt refunding. A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Deferred inflow related to pensions resulting from net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments of the pension plans fiduciary net position. This amount is amortized over five years.
- Deferred outflow related to pensions for differences between expected and actual experience. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred outflow related to pensions equal to employer contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability.
- Deferred outflows related to pensions resulting from changes in assumptions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred outflows related to pensions for the changes in employer's proportion and differences between employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions. These amounts are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

L. Compensated Absences

The District's personnel policies provide for accumulation of annual leave. Liabilities for annual leave are recorded when benefits are earned. Cash payment of unused annual leave is available to those qualified employees eligible to cash out or when retired or terminated.

The changes in compensated absences were as follows:

Balance July 1, 2022	Earned	Taken	Balance June 30, 2023	Current Portion	Long-Term Portion
\$ 424,563	\$ 324,740	\$ (312,460)	\$ 436,843	\$ 309,184	\$ 127,659
Balance July 1, 2021	Earned	Taken	Balance June 30, 2022	Current Portion	Long-Term Portion
\$ 411,266	\$ 360,969	\$ (347,672)	\$ 424,563	\$ 304,140	\$ 120,423

M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Deferred inflow related to pensions for differences between expected and actual experience. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred inflows related to pensions for the changes in employer's proportion and differences between employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions. These amounts are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.

O. Capital Contributions

Deeded facilities received from developers are recorded at estimated construction cost. Such facilities are recorded as District assets and are depreciated in accordance with established policies for similar capital assets. Easements granted are recorded at acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date.

The District requires prepayment of water and sewer capital fees prior to commencement of construction of residential and commercial developments. Such fees, which are nonrefundable, are recorded as capital contributions upon receipt. Grants for capital asset acquisition, facility development and rehabilitation are reported as capital grant income.

P. Recycled Water Sales Agreement

With the completion of the Camarillo Sanitary District (CamSan) Recycled Water Interconnection project, Camrosa began receiving recycled water from CamSan. Under the sales agreement, recycled water is provided free of charge, but valued at \$250/AF until Camrosa recoups the project cost of \$764,000. The full cost of the project has been recouped as of the end of FY2021-22. Camrosa is paying \$111.20/AF for recycled water on a volumetric basis. The rate is to be adjusted every October by the consumer price index.

Q. Property Taxes

The District receives property taxes collected for the District by the County of Ventura. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of November 1 each year for the fiscal year July 1 to June 30. Taxes are levied on November 1 and are due and payable on December 10 of that year. Half of the taxes levied on November 1 become delinquent December 10 of that year and the remaining half is due on February 10 of the following year and become delinquent on April 10 of that year.

R. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the financial statements.

Net position is classified in the following categories:

- Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position – Consists of net position with legal limitations imposed on their use by external restrictions by other governments, creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations, or through constitutional provision, or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position – Consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or invested in capital assets.

S. Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as they are needed. As of June 30, 2023, and 2022, the District had \$2,216,552 and \$4,418,707 in restricted resources. These

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

restricted resources include mitigation, in-lieu fees, pension asset, and contractor's retentions held in escrow accounts until completion of contracts. As of the end of FY2022-23, there is one escrow account for James Cushman, Inc. related to the Conejo Wellfield Treatment project. The amount held in the escrow account is \$274,593.

T. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This standard defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA); establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA.

The District adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2021, and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. The implementation of this standard resulted in the District reporting a SBITA asset and a SBITA liability as disclosed in Note 3 and Note 4.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 are reported in the accompanying statement of net position as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,946,860	\$ 45,843,882
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	994,181	727,768
Non-current assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	902,521	2,004,238
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 43,843,563</u>	<u>\$ 48,575,888</u>

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 consisted of the following:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cash on hand	\$ 475	\$ 275
Deposit with financial institutions	2,358,633	2,872,247
Restricted investments	1,065,178	2,181,854
Unrestricted investments	40,419,277	43,521,512
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 43,843,563</u>	<u>\$ 48,575,888</u>

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk.

This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio*	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
United States Government-Sponsored			
Agency Obligations	5 years	33.3%	None
United States Treasury Obligations	5 years	33.3%	None
Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	5 years	33.3%	Not to exceed FDIC insured limit
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	Not to exceed FDIC insured limit
Savings and Loan Association Deposits	None	33.3%	Not to exceed FDIC insured limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	33.3%	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	33.3%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

* Excluding amounts held by bond trustee that are not subject to California Government Code restrictions.
N/A Not applicable

Interest-Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rates risk is by structuring the District's portfolio so that securities mature to meet the District's cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to their maturity, investing primarily in short-term securities, and occasionally restructuring the portfolio to minimize the loss of fair value and/or to maximize cash flow.

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2023 and 2022.

June 30, 2023

Investment Type	Remaining Maturity (in Years)
	Less than 1 Year
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	7,100,817
Treasury Bills	33,318,460
Held by Bond Trustee:	
Money Market Mutual Funds	1,065,178
Total	<u>\$ 41,484,455</u>

June 30, 2022

Investment Type	Remaining Maturity (in Years)
	Less than 1 Year
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	43,521,512
Held by Bond Trustee:	
Money Market Mutual Funds	2,181,854
Total	<u>\$ 45,703,366</u>

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Credit Risk. Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented in the following table are the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy or debt agreements and the actual S&P's credit rating as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 for each investment type.

June 30, 2023

Investment Type	Minimum Legal Rating	Total	Not Rated	Exempt	AAA
LAIF	N/A	7,100,817	7,100,817	-	-
Treasury Bills	N/A	33,318,460	-	33,318,460	-
Held by Bond Trustee:					
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAA	1,065,178	-	-	1,065,178
Total		<u>\$41,484,455</u>	<u>\$ 7,100,817</u>	<u>\$33,318,460</u>	<u>\$ 1,065,178</u>

June 30, 2022

Investment Type	Minimum Legal Rating	Total	Not Rated	AAA
LAIF	N/A	43,521,512	43,521,512	-
Held by Bond Trustee:				
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAA	2,181,854	-	2,181,854
Total		<u>\$45,703,366</u>	<u>\$43,521,512</u>	<u>\$ 2,181,854</u>

Concentration of Credit Risk. The investment policy of the District contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code as noted in the Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy section.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of depository financial institution, the District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. With respect to investments, custodial risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investments pools (such as LAIF Investment Pool).

The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2023, all of the District's deposits with financial institutions were covered by federal depository insurance limits or were held in collateralized accounts.

Investment in State Investment Pool The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California.

The State Treasurer's Office audits the fund annually. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

Fair Value Measurement The District categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are quoted prices of similar assets in active markets, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District's investments in LAIF and investments held by bond trustee in money market mutual funds are not subject to the fair value measurement hierarchy. Treasury bills are included in the Level 1 fair value hierarchy.

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Capital Assets

The activity for each of the major classes of capital assets and accumulated depreciation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are shown in the following tables:

June 30, 2023

Capital Assets by Major Class:	July 1, 2022	Increases	Transfers/ Decreases	June 30, 2023
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and Easements	\$ 1,904,958	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,904,958
Construction in Progress	11,709,570	10,121,975	(2,702,076)	19,129,469
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	13,614,528	10,121,975	(2,702,076)	21,034,427
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Water Plant	74,726,593	593,270		75,319,863
Sanitation Plant	31,628,981	1,380,563	(644)	33,008,900
Buildings and Equipment	4,350,216	751,509	(36,034)	5,065,691
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	110,705,790	2,725,342	(36,678)	113,394,454
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Water Plant	40,980,896	2,162,987	-	43,143,883
Sanitation Plant	17,820,829	751,324	(644)	18,571,509
Buildings and Equipment	3,114,502	300,290	(36,034)	3,378,758
Total Accumulated Depreciation	61,916,227	3,214,601	(36,678)	65,094,150
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	48,789,563	(489,259)	-	48,300,304
Lease Assets:				
Right to Use Asset - Vehicles	\$ 361,873	\$ 157,787	\$ (9,169)	\$ 510,491
Less Accumulated Amortization	120,451	79,011	(9,169)	190,293
Total Lease Assets Being Amortized, Net	241,422	78,776	-	320,198
SBITA Assets:				
Right to Use Asset - SBITA	\$ -	\$ 49,873	\$ -	\$ 49,873
Less Accumulated Amortization	-	14,050	-	14,050
Total SBITA Assets Being Amortized, Net	0	35,823	-	35,823
Capital & Lease Assets, Net	\$ 62,645,513	\$ 9,747,315	\$ (2,702,076)	\$ 69,690,752

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

June 30, 2022

Capital Assets by Major Class:	July 1, 2021	Increases	Transfers/ Decreases	June 30, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land and Easements	\$ 1,904,958	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,904,958
Construction in Progress	6,367,109	8,048,753	(2,706,292)	11,709,570
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	8,272,067	8,048,753	(2,706,292)	13,614,528
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Water Plant	72,732,084	1,994,509	-	74,726,593
Sanitation Plant	31,111,311	517,670	-	31,628,981
Buildings and Equipment	4,084,535	291,836	(26,155)	4,350,216
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	107,927,930	2,804,015	(26,155)	110,705,790
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Water Plant	38,997,803	1,983,093	-	40,980,896
Sanitation Plant	17,097,958	722,871	-	17,820,829
Buildings and Equipment	2,815,734	324,923	(26,155)	3,114,502
Total Accumulated Depreciation	58,911,495	3,030,887	(26,155)	61,916,227
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	49,016,435	(226,872)	-	48,789,563
Lease Assets:				
Right to Use Asset - Vehicles	\$ 368,725	\$ -	\$ (6,852)	\$ 361,873
Less Accumulated Amortization	50,947	76,356	(6,852)	120,451
Total Lease Assets Being Amortized, Net	317,778	(76,356)	-	241,422
Capital & Lease Assets, Net	\$ 57,606,280	\$ 7,745,525	\$ (2,706,292)	\$ 62,645,513

Note 4 - Long-Term Debt

The District generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets that will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related term of the debt. The District's debt rating is "AA" from Standard & Poor's.

The net revenues of the Water System are pledged toward the repayment of the Water Revenue Bonds. FY2022-23, net water revenues totaled \$4,438,114 and principal and interest payments for water revenue bonds were \$845,806. FY2021-22, net revenues totaled \$9,145,110, and principal and interest payments were \$853,681. Also, the net revenues of the Wastewater System are pledged toward the repayment of the Wastewater Revenue Bonds. During FY2022-23, net wastewater revenues totaled \$1,753,419 and principal and interest payments for wastewater revenue bonds totaled \$189,525. FY2021-22, net revenues totaled \$1,506,796 and principal and interest payments were \$190,950.

The District is subject to certain revenue bond covenants on outstanding debt, as defined, equal to at least 115% of the current annual debt service requirements. As of June 30, 2023, the debt service coverage for Water was 525% and for Wastewater was 925%. As of June 30, 2022, the debt service coverage for Water was 1071% and for Wastewater was 789%.

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

The outstanding balances for each of these long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. The amount of the obligation that is due within one year is shown as a current liability and the balance as a noncurrent liability.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums.

Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds Series 2016A

In September 2016, the District issued Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A, in an aggregate principal amount of \$14,020,000. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are being used to finance additional improvements to the Water System and were also used to refund all of the outstanding Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, fund a reserve account established for the bonds and to pay costs incurred in connection with the issuance, sale, and delivery of bonds. The bonds require semi-annual payments, with interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%, through January 2046.

Proceeds, bond premiums and remaining 2011A reserve accounts amounting to \$9,261,855 were placed in escrow to pay the principal and interest of the 2011A bonds when due, resulting in a deferred loss of debt refunding, which has an outstanding balance of \$468,885 at June 30, 2023. The outstanding balance of the refunded debt as of June 30, 2023 was \$5,060,000.

Leases

The District leases vehicles for various terms under long-term, non-cancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2026. As of June 30, 2023, lease assets and the related accumulated amortization totaled \$510,491 and \$190,293 respectively.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The District has entered into subscription based-information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for Board Agenda Management, SCADA, and Geographic Information System (GIS) Software Subscriptions. The SBITA arrangements expire at various dates through Fiscal Year 2025-26.

As of June 30, 2023, SBITA assets and the related accumulated amortization totaled \$49,873 and \$14,050, respectively.

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

The District's debt and transactions are summarized below:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions/ New Debt	Proceeds/ Retirement	Balance June 30, 2023	Current	Long-Term
Direct Borrowings:						
2016 Refunding Bonds	10,595,000	-	(660,000)	9,935,000	695,000	9,240,000
2016 Refunding Bonds Premium	1,275,876	-	(54,188)	1,221,688	54,188	1,167,500
Lease Liability	241,272	157,370	(76,877)	321,765	99,087	222,678
SBITA Liability	-	49,873	(13,239)	36,634	16,507	20,127
	<u>\$ 12,112,148</u>	<u>\$ 207,243</u>	<u>\$ (804,304)</u>	<u>\$ 11,515,087</u>	<u>\$ 864,782</u>	<u>\$ 10,650,305</u>

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions/ New Debt	Proceeds/ Retirement	Balance June 30, 2022	Current	Long-Term
Direct Borrowings:						
2016 Refunding Bonds	11,235,000	-	(640,000)	10,595,000	660,000	9,935,000
2016 Refunding Bonds Premium	1,330,064	-	(54,188)	1,275,876	54,188	1,221,688
Lease Liability	313,963	-	(72,691)	241,272	69,023	172,249
	<u>\$ 12,879,027</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (766,879)</u>	<u>\$ 12,112,148</u>	<u>\$ 783,211</u>	<u>\$ 11,328,937</u>

Future debt service on the bonds, lease & SBITA agreements liability requirements through maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	2016 Revenue Bonds Principal	2016 Revenue Bonds Interest	Lease Liability Principal	Lease Liability Interest	SBITA Liability Principal	SBITA Liability Interest	Total
2024	695,000	358,831	99,087	11,023	16,507	1,158	1,181,606
2025	720,000	331,031	97,689	7,129	17,409	481	1,173,739
2026	760,000	302,231	66,152	3,449	2,718	15	1,134,565
2027	780,000	275,631	32,721	1,758			1,090,110
2028	815,000	248,331	26,116	449			1,089,896
2029-2033	2,895,000	968,256					3,863,256
2034-2038	1,030,000	707,050					1,737,050
2039-2043	1,295,000	436,750					1,731,750
2044-2046	945,000	96,000					1,041,000
	<u>\$ 9,935,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,724,111</u>	<u>\$321,765</u>	<u>\$ 23,808</u>	<u>\$ 36,634</u>	<u>\$ 1,654</u>	<u>\$14,042,972</u>

Debt Service Reserve The trust agreement of the revenue bond series 2016A require a reserve account to be created and held in trust by the Trustee for an amount equal to the Reserve Account Requirement. Moneys in the Reserve Account shall be used solely for the purpose of replenishing the Interest Account or the Principal Account under the Trust Agreement. The reserve account balance as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$879,529 for the 2016A issuance.

Arbitrage At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District has revenue bonds outstanding that are subject to arbitrage limitations. Arbitrage rebate refers to the required payment to the U.S. Treasury Department of excess earnings received on applicable tax-exempt bond proceeds that are invested at a higher yield than the yield of the tax-exempt bond issue. The District does not anticipate an arbitrage rebate liability.

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For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Note 5 - Capital Fees and Capital Contributions

Capital Fees and Capital Contributions consisted of the following for FY2022-23. The District did not receive Capital Fees nor Capital Contributions in FY2021-22.

	<u>2023</u>
Potable Water Capital Contributions:	
Capital Fees	\$ 55,575
Mitigation Fees	<u>298,743</u>
Total Potable Water Capital Contributions	354,318
 Sewer Capital Contributions:	
Capital Fees	\$ 233,750
Total Sewer Capital Contributions	<u>233,750</u>
 Total Capital Contributions	<u><u>\$ 588,068</u></u>

Note 6 - Deferred Compensation Plan

For the benefit of its employees, the District participates in three 457 Deferred Compensation Programs (Programs). The multiple Programs were created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The purpose of these Programs is to provide deferred compensation for employees that elect to participate in the Programs. Generally, eligible employees may defer a receipt of a portion of their salary until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Until the funds are paid or otherwise made available to the employee, the employee is not obligated to report the deferred salary for income tax purposes. The trusts hold the assets for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Plan assets are not the property of the District, or subject to the claims of the District's general creditors. The ending investment balance was \$3,420,592 and \$2,819,122 as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Camrosa Water District's Miscellaneous Plan (Plan). The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits provided CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 to 62 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-industrial disability benefits after five (5) years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023 and 2022, are summarized as follows:

Hire Date	Prior January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement Age	50	52
Monthly Benefit as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required Employee Contribution Rates	7%	6.75%
Required Employer Contribution Rates		
Normal Cost Rate:		
June 30, 2023	10.320%	7.470%
June 30, 2022	10.340%	7.590%
Payment of Unfunded liability:		
June 30, 2023	\$15,781	\$729
June 30, 2022	\$146,068	\$2,323

Contributions Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. District contributions rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contributions requirements are classified as plan member contributions. Total contributions made by the District for the year ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 were \$281,260 and \$409,662, respectively.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2023 the District's reported net pension for its proportionate share of the net pension liability was \$663,202, compared to a net pension asset of \$2,716,085 as of June 30, 2022.

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

The District's proportionate share percentage of the net pension liability for the June 30, 2022, measurement date was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2021	-0.14304%
Proportion - June 30, 2022	0.01417%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.15721%

The District's proportionate share percentage of the net pension liability for the June 30, 2021, measurement date was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2020	-0.00023%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	-0.05022%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.04999%

For the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District recognized a pension expense of \$4,270,609 and a pension credit of \$4,582,746, respectively. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Contributions paid after measurement date	\$ 281,260	\$ -
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	121,481	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experiences	13,318	8,920
Changes in Assumptions	67,960	
Changes in Proportion and Difference between Actual Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	3,330,420	1,660,624
Total	<u>\$ 3,814,439</u>	<u>\$ 1,669,544</u>

The \$281,260 reported as deferred outflows of resources is related to pensions the District contributed after the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024.

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows/(inflows) of Resources
2024	724,797
2025	645,488
2026	419,047
2027	74,302
Thereafter	0

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Contributions paid after measurement date	\$ 409,662	\$ -
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	2,370,998	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experiences	-	304,580
Changes in Assumptions	-	
Changes in Proportion and Difference between Actual Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	2,832,028	2,553,151
Total	<u>\$ 5,612,688</u>	<u>\$ 2,857,731</u>

The \$409,662 reported as deferred outflows of resources is related to pensions the District contributed after the measurement date and has been recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows/(inflows) of Resources
2023	557,528
2024	571,225
2025	561,320
2026	655,222
Thereafter	0

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Presentation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Operating expenses have been detailed in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position to show the impact of the prior year pension income. This detail has been added to illustrate the impact on operating expenses from the large net investment income that was experienced for the measurement period June 30, 2021. The \$4,992,408 credit displayed on the Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, when reduced by the current year contributions of \$409,662 reflects the pension credit of \$4,582,746 disclosed above for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions For the measurement periods ending June 30, 2022 and 2021 (the measurement dates), the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and 2020, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022 and 2021. The total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Miscellaneous

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions

Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	(1)
Mortality Rate Table	(2)
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	(3)

(1) Varies by entry age and service

(2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

CalPERS developed the mortality table used based on CalPERS' specific data.

The table includes generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020.

For more details on this table, please refer to the 2021 experience study report that can be found on CalPERS website.

(3) Contract COLA up to 2.30% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance

Floor on purchasing power applies, 2.30% thereafter.

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Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Miscellaneous

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions

Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	(1)
Mortality Rate Table	(2)
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	(3)

(1) Varies by entry age and service

(2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

CalPERS developed the mortality table used based on CalPERS' specific data.

The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2016.

For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report that can be found on CalPERS website.

(3) Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance

Floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9% and 7.15% for the measurement periods ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

June 30, 2022 (measurement date)		June 30, 2021 (measurement date)	
1% Decrease	5.90%	1% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$3,454,460	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	(\$229,336)
Current Discount Rate	6.90%	Current Discount Rate	7.15%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$663,202	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	(\$2,716,085)
1% Increase	7.90%	1% Increase	8.15%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	(\$1,633,311)	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	(\$4,771,844)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11 + years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

The expected real rate of return by asset class are as follows:

Measurement Period ended June 30, 2022

Asset Class (1))	Current Target Allocation	Real Return (1,2)
Global Equity-Cap weighted	30.0%	4.54%
Global Equity- Non-Cap weightec	12.0%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.0%	7.28%
Treasury	5.0%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securites	5.0%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.0%	1.56 %
High Yield	5.0%	2.27 %
Emerging Market Debt	5.0%	2.48 %
Private Debt	5.0%	3.57 %
Real Assets	15.0%	3.21 %
Leverage	-5.0%	-0.59%

(1) An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period

(2) Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study

Measurement Period ended June 30, 2021

Asset Class (a)	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 *	Real Return Years 11+ **
Public Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00 %	(0.92)%

(a) In the CalPERS ACFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities;
Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included
in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities

* An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period

**An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a payable of \$9,257 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023. At June 30, 2022,

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

the District reported a payable of \$6,772 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 8 - Profit Share Plan

The District has a profit sharing plan, pursuant to Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan includes a provision under Section 414(h)(2) whereby each plan participant that is classified as management is required to contribute 5% of salary. Mandatory contributions totaled \$68,495 and \$70,568 in 2023 and 2022, respectively. The amount of payroll subject to the contributions totaled \$1,369,895 and \$1,411,361 in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Note 9 - Major Customers

The District's top ten water customers represent 24% and 23% of the water revenue during fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The District's top ten wastewater customers represent 41% and 40% of the wastewater revenue during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Note 10 - Risk Management

The District is a member of the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Insurance Authority). The Insurance Authority is a risk-pooling self-insurance authority, created under provisions of California Government Code Sections 6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage.

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District participated in the self-insurance programs of the Insurance Authority as follows:

Property Loss The Insurance Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$10,000,000 per occurrence as of June 30, 2023, and \$100,000 per occurrence as of June 30, 2022, and has purchased excess insurance coverage of \$500,000,000 (total insurable values of \$26,138,217 as of June 30, 2023 and \$25,563,498 as of June 30, 2022). The District has a \$5,000 deductible for buildings, personal property, \$1,000 deductible for mobile equipment and vehicles, deductibles ranging from \$25,000 to \$50,000 based on type of equipment for boiler and machinery.

General Liability The Insurance Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence with an annual aggregate limit of \$55,000,000.

Auto Liability The Insurance Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence with an annual aggregate limit of \$55,000,000.

Public Official's Liability The Insurance Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence and has purchased excess insurance coverage of \$55,000,000.

Cyber Liability The Insurance Authority has purchased insurance coverage of \$2,000,000 per occurrence as of June 30, 2023, and \$5,000,000 per occurrence as of June 30, 2022 and with a \$5,000,000 aggregate limit for both years ended.

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Crime Bond The Insurance Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$100,000 per occurrence. The District did not purchase excess insurance coverage. The District has a \$1,000 deductible.

Worker's Compensation The Insurance Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$2,000,000 and has purchased excess insurance coverage to the statutory limits.

The District pays annual premiums for the coverages. There were no instances in the past three years when a settlement exceeded the District's coverage, and there were no reductions in the District's insurance coverage for the past three years.

Note 11 - Joint Powers Agreement creating the Arroyo Santa Rosa Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA)

The District, along with the County of Ventura, participate as members of the Arroyo Santa Rosa Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA), to provide sustainable management of the Arroyo Santa Rosa Valley Basin pursuant to the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act of 2014 (SGMA). The Basin underlies the Santa Rosa Valley.

The GSA will develop, adopt, and implement a Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) for the Basin pursuant to SGMA and other applicable provisions of law.

The GSA has been included as part of the District's financial statements as a blended component unit. In accordance with GASB 61, the following summarized information as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 is required:

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Condensed Statements of Net Position at June 30, 2023

	District Financial Statements	GSA Financial Statements	Eliminating Activities	Combined District Financial Statements
Assets:				
Current	\$ 46,001,257	\$ 340,213	-	46,341,470
Noncurrent	70,593,273	-	-	70,593,273
Total Assets	<u>116,594,530</u>	<u>340,213</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>116,934,743</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>4,283,324</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,283,324</u>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	120,877,854	340,213	-	121,218,067
Liabilities:				
Current	\$ 6,248,714	\$ 23,217	-	6,271,931
Noncurrent	11,441,166	-	-	11,441,166
Total Liabilities	<u>17,689,880</u>	<u>23,217</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,713,097</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,669,544</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,669,544</u>
Net Position:				
Net Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 57,885,060	\$ -	-	57,885,060
Restricted	2,216,552	-	-	2,216,552
Unrestricted	41,416,818	316,996	-	41,733,814
Total Net Position:	<u>101,518,430</u>	<u>316,996</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>101,835,426</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	<u>120,877,854</u>	<u>340,213</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>121,218,067</u>

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Operating Revenues:				
Water Sales	14,420,502	-	-	14,420,502
Meter Service Fees	2,608,043	-	-	2,608,043
Sewer Service Fees	4,423,016	-	-	4,423,016
Other Revenue	116,470	-	-	116,470
Total Operating Revenues	<u>21,568,031</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,568,031</u>
Operating Expenses:				
Operating Expenses	21,901,590	284,285	-	22,185,875
Depreciation and Amortization	3,307,663	-	-	3,307,663
Total Operating Expenses	<u>25,209,253</u>	<u>284,285</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>25,493,538</u>
Operating Income (loss)	<u>(3,641,222)</u>	<u>(284,285)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,925,507)</u>
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Gain on Sale of Asset	1,725	-	-	1,725
Investment Income	1,639,628	-	-	1,639,628
Property Taxes	772,770	-	-	772,770
Interest Expense	<u>(396,416)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(396,416)</u>
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>2,017,707</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,017,707</u>
Capital Contributions	588,068	-	-	588,068
Grants	<u>-</u>	<u>177,081</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>177,081</u>
Change in Net Position	(1,035,447)	(107,204)	-	(1,142,651)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	102,553,877	424,200	-	102,978,077
Net Position at End of Year	<u>101,518,430</u>	<u>316,996</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>101,835,426</u>

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Cash Provided by (Used for):				
Operating Activities	3,874,358	(395,362)	-	3,478,996
Non-Capital Financing Activities	830,394	-	-	830,394
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(10,857,225)	177,081	-	(10,680,144)
Investing Activities	1,637,122	-	-	1,637,122
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>(4,515,351)</u>	<u>(218,281)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,733,632)</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	48,667,394	558,494	(650,000)	48,575,888
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>48,667,394</u>	<u>340,213</u>	<u>(650,000)</u>	<u>43,842,256</u>

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Condensed Statements of Net Position at June 30, 2022

	District Financial Statements	GSA Financial Statements	Eliminating Activities	Combined District Financial Statements
Assets:				
Current	\$ 49,378,707	\$ 558,495	(17,302)	49,919,900
Noncurrent	67,365,836	-	-	67,365,836
Total Assets	<u>116,744,543</u>	<u>558,495</u>	<u>(17,302)</u>	<u>117,285,736</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,143,717	-	-	6,143,717
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	122,888,260	558,495	(17,302)	123,429,453
Liabilities:				
Current	\$ 6,027,292	\$ 134,295	(17,302)	6,144,285
Noncurrent	11,449,360	-	-	11,449,360
Total Liabilities	<u>17,476,652</u>	<u>134,295</u>	<u>(17,302)</u>	<u>17,593,645</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,857,731	-	-	2,857,731
Net Position:				
Net Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 51,236,026	\$ -	-	51,236,026
Restricted	4,418,707	-	-	4,418,707
Unrestricted	46,899,144	424,200	-	47,323,344
Total Net Position:	<u>102,553,877</u>	<u>424,200</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>102,978,077</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	<u>122,888,260</u>	<u>558,495</u>	<u>(17,302)</u>	<u>123,429,453</u>

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating Revenues:				
Water Sales	18,383,478	-	-	18,383,478
Meter Service Fees	2,515,456	-	-	2,515,456
Sewer Service Fees	4,090,152	-	-	4,090,152
Other Revenue	89,414	717,459	(650,000)	156,873
Total Operating Revenues	<u>25,078,500</u>	<u>717,459</u>	<u>(650,000)</u>	<u>25,145,959</u>
Operating Expenses:				
Operating Expenses	15,258,167	344,265	(650,000)	14,952,432
Depreciation and Amortization	3,107,243	-	-	3,107,243
Total Operating Expenses	<u>18,365,410</u>	<u>344,265</u>	<u>(650,000)</u>	<u>18,059,675</u>
Operating Income (loss)	<u>6,713,090</u>	<u>373,194</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,086,284</u>
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment Income	(440,009)	-	-	(440,009)
Legal Settlement	16,191,774	-	-	16,191,774
Property Taxes	721,241	-	-	721,241
Interest Expense	(424,945)	-	-	(424,945)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>16,048,061</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>16,048,061</u>
Capital Contributions	-	-	-	-
Grants	187	-	-	-
Change in Net Position	22,761,338	373,194	-	23,134,532
Net Position at Beginning of Year	79,792,539	51,006	-	79,843,545
Net Position at End of Year	<u>102,553,877</u>	<u>424,200</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>102,978,077</u>

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Cash Provided by (Used for):				
Operating Activities	6,658,537	(233,031)	-	6,425,506
Non-Capital Financing Activities	776,014	-	-	776,014
Capital and Related Financing Activities	6,836,616	739,148	(650,000)	6,925,764
Investing Activities	(488,157)	-	-	(488,157)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>13,783,010</u>	<u>506,117</u>	<u>(650,000)</u>	<u>13,639,127</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	34,884,384	52,377	-	34,936,761
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>48,667,394</u>	<u>558,494</u>	<u>(650,000)</u>	<u>48,575,888</u>

Camrosa Water District
Notes to Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Note 12 - Commitments

Grant Award Grant funds received by the District are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Management of the District believes that such disallowances, if any, would not be significant.

Litigation In the ordinary course of operations, the District is subject to claims and litigation from outside parties. After consultation with legal counsel, the District believes the ultimate outcome of such matters, if any, will not materially affect its financial condition.

Long Term Commitments The District has an agreement with the City of Thousand Oaks to purchase non-potable surface water. The term of the agreement is for 40 years, effective June 5, 2013. The parties, by mutual consent, may extend the term of the agreement for additional five-year periods. The average yearly purchase of non-potable water for the last four years is \$792,215. Upon the effective date of the agreement, the price per acre foot of non-potable water was \$104.89, and the parties agreed to adjust the unit price per acre foot on September 1st of each year by adjusting the unit price by the annual percentage change from the preceding July to July period of the Consumer Price Index of Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County. The FY2022-23 price per acre foot of non-potable water is \$138.57.

Camrosa Water District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	Miscellaneous				
Fiscal year ended	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Measurement period	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.01417%	-0.05022%	-0.00023%	0.04705%	0.04630%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 663,202	\$ (2,716,085)	\$ (25,227)	\$ 4,821,108	\$ 4,462,042
Plan's covered payroll	\$ 2,480,685	\$ 2,399,727	\$ 2,546,212	\$ 2,412,241	\$ 2,251,315
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	26.73%	-113.18%	-0.99%	199.86%	198.20%
Plan's proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Plan's total pension liability	96.76%	114.42%	100.14%	72.09%	72.65%

	Miscellaneous			
Fiscal year ended	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Measurement period	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.04559%	0.04531%	0.04484%	0.04777%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,521,229	\$ 3,920,511	\$ 3,077,870	\$ 2,972,338
Plan's covered payroll	\$ 2,073,238	\$ 1,801,650	\$ 1,855,543	\$ 1,793,513
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	218.08%	217.61%	165.87%	165.73%
Plan's proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Plan's total pension liability	72.83%	74.03%	78.46%	78.74%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

From fiscal year June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016:

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

From fiscal year June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017:

There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018:

The discount rate was reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%.

From fiscal year June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019:

There were no significant changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020:

There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021:

There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022:

There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023:

The discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.9%.

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

Camrosa Water District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Contributions
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal year ended	Miscellaneous				
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 281,260	\$ 269,760	\$ 260,929	\$ 553,663	\$ 476,259
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(281,260)	(409,662)	(265,930)	(5,552,260)	(476,259)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ (139,902)	\$ (5,001)	\$ (4,998,597)	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 2,570,994	\$ 2,480,685	\$ 2,399,727	\$ 2,546,212	\$ 2,412,241
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.94%	16.51%	11.08%	218.06%	19.74%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:					
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age
Amortization method	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Asset valuation method	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value
Inflation	2.300%	2.500%	2.500%	2.625%	2.75%
Salary increases	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Investment rate of return	6.9% (3)	7.0% (3)	7.0% (3)	7.25% (3)	7.375% (3)
Retirement age	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Mortality	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)

(1) Level percentage of payroll, closed

(2) Depending on age, service, and type of employment

(3) Net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

(4) Prior January 1, 2013- 2%@55, On or after January 1, 2013-2%@62

(5) Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board.

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

Camrosa Water District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Contributions-Continued
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	Miscellaneous			
Fiscal year ended	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 407,300	\$ 365,456	\$ 298,849	\$ 268,188
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u>(409,819)</u>	<u>(365,456)</u>	<u>(298,849)</u>	<u>(268,188)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (2,519)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 2,251,315	\$ 2,073,238	\$ 1,801,650	\$ 1,855,543
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18.20%	17.63%	16.59%	14.45%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013	6/30/2012
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:				
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age
Amortization method	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Asset valuation method	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	15 Year Smoothed Market Method
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Salary increases	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Investment rate of return	7.50% (3)	7.50% (3)	7.50% (3)	7.50% (3)
Retirement age	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Mortality	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)

- (1) Level percentage of payroll, closed
- (2) Depending on age, service, and type of employment
- (3) Net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
- (4) Prior January 1, 2013- 2%@55, On or after January 1, 2013-2%@62
- (5) Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board.

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Board of Directors
Camrosa Water District
Camarillo, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the statement of net position of the Camrosa Water District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, the statement of revenues, expenses and change in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.


Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "CliftonLarsonAllen LLP".

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Irvine, California
September 27, 2023

Camrosa Water District
Other Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual Budget Basis</u>	<u>Variance with Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Operating Revenue			
Potable Water Sales	\$ 11,004,700	\$ 9,209,757	\$ (1,794,943)
Recycle/Non-Potable Water Sales	5,066,300	3,573,563	(1,492,737)
Water Sales to PV	1,261,500	1,608,935	347,435
Meter Revenue	2,591,900	2,608,043	16,143
Sewer Revenue	4,441,500	4,426,781	(14,719)
Special Services	72,000	65,432	(6,568)
Pump Zone/Miscellaneous	52,000	86,277	34,277
Total Operating Revenue	24,489,900	21,578,788	(2,911,112)
Non-Operating Revenue			-
Property Taxes	734,527	772,770	38,243
Interest Income	68,000	1,276,286	1,208,286
Total Non-Operating Revenues	802,527	2,049,056	1,246,529
Operating Expenses			
Water Purchases - CMWD	5,610,474	5,070,510	539,964
CMWD Fixed Charges	974,290	906,822	67,468
CCP	640,906	816,017	(175,111)
CamSam	92,963	132,123	(39,160)
SMP CMWD	257,177	75,237	181,940
Utilities	1,805,664	1,815,831	(10,167)
Salaries & Benefits	4,543,009	3,949,041	593,968
Contract/Prof. Svcs	4,500,440	2,678,650	1,821,790
Supplies & Services	3,205,440	2,580,149	625,291
Total Operating Expenses	21,630,363	18,024,380	3,605,983
Non-Operating Expenses			
Debt Service 2011A/2016	1,035,331	1,035,331	-
Rate Stabilization Contribution	70,000	70,000	-
CalPERS UAL Additional Contributio	-	-	-
Capital Replacement Contribution	2,537,000	4,266,300	(1,729,300)
Total Non-Operating Expenses	3,642,331	5,371,631	(1,729,300)
Net Operating Results	19,733	231,833	212,100
Capital & Mitigation Fees	-	588,068	588,068
Grants	-	-	-
Net Operating Results	\$ 19,733	\$ 819,901	\$ 800,168
Adjustments to Accounting			
Principles Generally Accepted in The United States of America			
Depreciation & Amortization Expense		(3,214,602)	
Gain on Sale of Asset		1,725	
Unrealized Gain on Investments		363,342	
Blended component unit activity-Arroyo Santa Rosa GSA		(107,204)	
Rate Stabilization Contribution		70,000	
Capital Replacement Contribution		4,266,300	
Contributed Capital In-Kind		-	
Principal Payments on Debt		660,000	
GASB68 Effect on Pension Expense		(3,989,349)	
GASB96 Effect on Financial Statements		(810)	
GASB87 Effect on Financial Statements		(2,135)	
Amortization of Bonds Premium		(9,819)	
Change in Net Position		(1,142,651)	
Net Position at Beginning of Year		102,978,077	
Net Position at End of Year		\$ 101,835,426	

Camrosa Water District
Other Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual Budget Basis</u>	<u>Variance with Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Operating Revenue			
Potable Water Sales	\$ 11,812,100	\$ 12,280,448	\$ 468,348
Recycle/Non-Potable Water Sales	4,708,000	4,383,675	(324,325)
Water Sales to PV	1,269,200	1,677,229	408,029
Meter Revenue	2,582,800	2,515,456	(67,344)
Sewer Revenue	4,071,800	4,092,891	21,091
Special Services	46,000	65,543	19,543
Pump Zone/Miscellaneous	52,000	71,084	19,084
Total Operating Revenue	24,541,900	25,086,326	544,426
Non-Operating Revenue			-
Property Taxes	684,838	721,241	36,403
GAC Reimbursement	-	-	-
Interest Income	153,257	129,914	(23,343)
Total Non-Operating Revenues	838,095	851,155	13,060
Operating Expenses			
Water Purchases - CMWD	7,868,165	7,701,097	167,068
CMWD Fixed Charges	981,107	913,008	68,099
CCP	618,672	702,978	(84,306)
CamSam	-	72,109	(72,109)
SMP CMWD	262,690	203,701	58,989
Utilities	1,551,925	1,896,148	(344,223)
Salaries & Benefits	3,864,263	3,704,748	159,515
Contract/Prof. Svcs	3,522,372	2,582,853	939,519
Supplies & Services	2,873,376	2,425,707	447,669
Total Operating Expenses	21,542,570	20,202,349	1,340,221
Non-Operating Expenses			
Debt Service 2011A/2016	1,044,631	1,044,631	-
Rate Stabilization Contribution	150,000	150,000	-
CalPERS UAL Additional Contribution	142,109	-	-
Capital Replacement Contribution	2,400,000	4,495,500	(2,095,500)
Total Non-Operating Expenses	3,736,740	5,690,131	(2,095,500)
Net Operating Results	100,685	45,001	(55,684)
Capital Fees	-	-	-
GAC Reimbursement	-	16,191,774	16,191,774
Grants	-	187	187
Net Operating Results	\$ 100,685	\$ 16,236,962	\$ 16,136,277
Adjustments to Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in The United States of America			
Depreciation Expense		(3,030,887)	
Loss of Asset		-	
Unrealized Loss on Investments		(569,923)	
Blended component unit activity-Arroyo Santa Rosa GSA		373,194	
Rate Stabilization Contribution		150,000	
Capital Replacement Contribution		4,495,500	
Contributed Capital In-Kind		-	
Principal Payments on Debt		640,000	
GASB68 Effect on Pension Expense		4,992,408	
CalPERS-Additional Discretionary Payment		(139,902)	
GASB87 Effect on Financial Statements		(3,666)	
Amortization of Bonds Premium		(9,154)	
Change in Net Position		23,134,532	
Net Position at Beginning of Year		79,843,545	
Net Position at End of Year		\$ 102,978,077	

Camrosa Water District
Other Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022

Budgetary Policy The District prepares annual operating budgets for planning, control, and evaluation purposes. Project-length budgets, which generally encompass more than one fiscal year, are also prepared for major construction projects.

Adopted Operating and Capital Budget In June 2023, the Board of Directors adopted a \$22.7 million budget for FY2022-23. The District adheres to the budget policies and budgetary controls. The schedules on the previous pages presents the Adopted Operating Budget amounts and compares them to actual amounts as presented on a modified accrual basis, which are different from the amounts presented on an accrual basis in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Monthly and Quarterly Financial Reporting In accordance with best financial management practices, Finance provides monthly financial reports to District Staff and quarterly financial reports to the Board of Directors. Performance compared to the budget is monitored throughout the year. These monthly financial reports are prepared to provide timely information on the financial progress of the District.

Annual Financial Reporting The District elects to present the budgetary schedule, optional for Enterprise Funds, in accordance with best practices recommended by professional accounting organizations and in keeping the District's commitment to transparency in financial reporting and disclosure. The schedule is prepared on a budgetary basis and compares the adopted budget to actual expenses for the period as presented on Budgetary Comparison Schedule in Other Supplementary Information.

Statistical Section

This part of the District's annual financial report presents detailed background to the financial statements and preceding narrative sections, and corroboration of statements as to the District's overall financial health.

Contents:	Pages:
<u>Financial Trends</u> schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	55-62
<u>Revenue Capacity</u> schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source; water sales.	63-74
<u>Debt Capacity</u> schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	75-78
<u>Operational Information</u> schedules present historical water demand, water Source and District's facilities to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial reports relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	79-83
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> schedules assist reader to understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	85-86

Financial Trends

Camrosa Water District
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 41,338,152	\$ 41,644,267	\$ 43,002,970	\$ 43,454,256
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	14,197,247	11,883,870	14,821,731	18,496,514
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 55,535,399</u>	<u>\$ 53,528,137</u>	<u>\$ 57,824,701</u>	<u>\$ 61,950,770</u>

Table 1 – Net Position by Component (1 of 2)

Camrosa Water District
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 43,930,663	\$ 45,772,455	\$ 49,981,241	\$ 50,019,490	\$ 51,236,026	\$ 57,885,060
-	-	1,999,910	3,027,374	4,418,707	2,216,552
21,690,553	27,704,613	24,407,058	26,796,681	47,323,344	41,733,814
<u>\$ 65,621,216</u>	<u>\$ 73,477,068</u>	<u>\$ 76,388,209</u>	<u>\$ 79,843,545</u>	<u>\$ 102,978,077</u>	<u>\$ 101,835,426</u>

Table 1 – Net Position by Component (2 of 2)

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Water Revenue	\$ 13,563,401	\$ 12,870,854	\$ 12,059,982	\$ 13,084,503
Sewer Revenue	3,121,845	3,189,312	3,233,519	3,267,395
Meter Revenue	2,146,078	2,289,890	2,338,102	2,488,157
Other	<u>123,790</u>	<u>90,392</u>	<u>157,472</u>	<u>159,719</u>
Total Operating Revenues	18,955,114	18,440,448	17,789,075	18,999,774
Operating Expenses				
Water Purchases	9,008,654	8,305,257	7,147,319	6,500,815
Utilities	1,393,717	1,477,011	1,335,096	1,240,947
Salaries & Benefits	2,619,886	2,709,587	2,553,178	3,392,976
Outside Contract/Professional Services	821,497	1,015,370	1,154,828	1,313,596
Supplies & Services	1,064,287	1,502,354	1,864,428	1,827,780
Amortization	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	<u>2,133,668</u>	<u>2,179,599</u>	<u>2,354,424</u>	<u>2,601,408</u>
Operating Expenses	17,041,709	17,189,178	16,409,273	16,877,522
Operating Income	1,913,405	1,251,270	1,379,802	2,122,252
Non-Operating Revenues				
Property Taxes	509,066	544,911	559,558	582,211
Interest Income	86,291	87,466	105,523	186,302
Legal Settlement	-	-	-	-
Uncollectible Accounts Recovery	-	-	-	-
Unrealized Gain on Investments	-	-	27,581	2,194
Gain on Disposal of Fixed Asset	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,260</u>
Non-Operating Revenues	595,357	632,377	692,662	781,967
Non-Operating Expenses				
Loss of Capital Asset	246	110,092	-	-
Debt Issuance Costs	-	-	-	227,159
Interest Expense	<u>542,633</u>	<u>515,489</u>	<u>475,167</u>	<u>486,119</u>
Non-Operating Expenses	542,879	625,581	475,167	713,278
Income Before Capital Contributions	<u>1,965,883</u>	<u>1,258,066</u>	<u>1,597,298</u>	<u>2,190,941</u>
Capital Contributions	1,201,427	116,963	2,107,391	1,842,037
Grants	<u>839,789</u>	<u>76,298</u>	<u>633,159</u>	<u>93,091</u>
	2,041,216	193,261	2,740,550	1,935,128
Effects	4,007,099	1,451,327	4,337,848	4,126,069
Cummulative Effect of Accounting Changes	<u>(313,073)</u>	<u>(3,458,589)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in Net Position	<u>3,694,026</u>	<u>(2,007,262)</u>	<u>4,337,848</u>	<u>4,126,069</u>
Net Position Beginning of Year	<u>51,841,373</u>	<u>55,535,399</u>	<u>53,528,137</u>	<u>57,824,701</u>
Net Position at End of Year	<u>\$ 55,535,399</u>	<u>\$ 53,528,137</u>	<u>\$ 57,865,985</u>	<u>\$ 61,950,770</u>

Table 2 – Changes in Net Position (1 of 2)

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
\$ 16,235,441	\$ 14,128,079	\$ 16,549,944	\$ 19,280,494	\$ 18,383,478	\$ 14,420,502
3,314,305	3,336,794	3,575,963	3,855,204	4,090,152	4,423,016
2,557,753	2,615,301	2,312,427	2,346,434	2,515,456	2,608,043
<u>324,256</u>	<u>249,548</u>	<u>109,305</u>	<u>123,013</u>	<u>156,873</u>	<u>116,470</u>
22,431,755	20,329,722	22,547,639	25,605,145	25,145,959	21,568,031
7,890,983	7,828,911	9,532,192	11,373,806	9,592,894	7,000,710
1,426,842	1,257,242	1,273,725	1,538,207	1,896,149	1,815,831
3,740,012	3,877,591	4,308,257	4,154,305	(1,147,757)	7,938,389
1,377,908	1,232,165	1,828,640	1,607,445	2,188,286	2,851,847
2,462,144	2,259,095	2,154,855	2,034,301	2,422,860	2,579,098
-	-	-	50,947	76,356	93,061
<u>2,684,495</u>	<u>2,842,512</u>	<u>2,836,353</u>	<u>3,047,261</u>	<u>3,030,887</u>	<u>3,214,602</u>
19,582,384	19,297,516	21,934,022	23,806,272	18,059,675	25,493,538
2,849,371	1,032,206	613,617	1,798,873	7,086,284	(3,925,507)
657,620	620,590	661,932	700,753	721,241	772,770
391,082	777,536	655,911	25,108	(440,009)	1,639,628
-	-	-	-	16,191,774	-
-	-	118,781	-	-	-
<u>10,146</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,725</u>
1,058,848	1,398,126	1,436,624	725,861	16,473,006	2,414,123
-	57,615	-	8,273	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>561,227</u>	<u>497,004</u>	<u>456,937</u>	<u>446,005</u>	<u>424,945</u>	<u>396,416</u>
561,227	554,619	456,937	454,278	424,945	396,416
<u>3,346,992</u>	<u>1,875,713</u>	<u>1,593,304</u>	<u>2,070,456</u>	<u>23,134,345</u>	<u>(1,907,800)</u>
255,935	5,689,517	991,422	1,384,103	-	588,068
<u>67,519</u>	<u>290,622</u>	<u>326,415</u>	<u>777</u>	<u>187</u>	<u>177,081</u>
323,454	5,980,139	1,317,837	1,384,880	187	765,149
3,670,446	7,855,852	2,911,141	3,455,336	23,134,532	(1,142,651)
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>3,670,446</u>	<u>7,855,852</u>	<u>2,911,141</u>	<u>3,455,336</u>	<u>23,134,532</u>	<u>(1,142,651)</u>
<u>61,950,770</u>	<u>65,621,216</u>	<u>73,477,068</u>	<u>76,388,209</u>	<u>79,843,545</u>	<u>102,978,077</u>
<u>\$ 65,621,216</u>	<u>\$ 73,477,068</u>	<u>\$ 76,388,209</u>	<u>\$ 79,843,545</u>	<u>\$ 102,978,077</u>	<u>\$ 101,835,426</u>

Table 2 – Changes in Net Position (2 of 2)

**Revenues and Capital Contributions by Source
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Operating Revenue										
Water Revenue	\$ 13,563,401	\$ 12,870,854	\$ 12,059,982	\$ 13,084,503	\$ 16,235,441	\$ 14,128,079	\$ 16,549,944	\$ 19,280,494	\$ 18,383,478	\$ 14,420,502
Sewer Revenue	3,121,845	3,189,312	3,233,519	3,267,395	3,314,305	3,336,794	3,575,963	3,855,204	4,090,152	4,423,016
Meter Revenue	2,146,078	2,289,890	2,338,102	2,488,157	2,557,753	2,615,301	2,312,427	2,346,434	2,515,456	2,608,043
Other	123,790	90,392	157,472	159,719	324,256	249,548	107,061	123,013	156,873	116,470
Non-Operating Revenue										
Property Taxes	509,066	544,911	559,558	582,211	657,620	620,590	661,932	700,753	721,241	772,770
Interest Income	86,291	87,466	105,523	186,302	393,147	777,593	655,911	141,596	129,914	1,276,286
Gain on Sale of Asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,725
Legal Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,191,774	-
Unrealized Gain/Loss on Investment	-	-	27,581	2,194	-	-	118,781	(116,488)	(569,923)	363,342
Capital Contributions	1,201,427	116,963	2,107,391	1,842,037	255,935	5,689,517	991,422	1,384,103	-	588,068
Capital Grant Income	839,789	76,298	633,159	93,091	67,519	290,622	326,415	777	187	177,081
Total Revenue	\$ 21,591,687	\$ 19,266,086	\$ 21,222,287	\$ 21,705,609	\$ 23,805,976	\$ 27,708,044	\$ 25,299,856	\$ 27,715,886	\$ 41,619,152	\$ 24,747,303

Table 3 – Revenues and Capital Contributions by Source

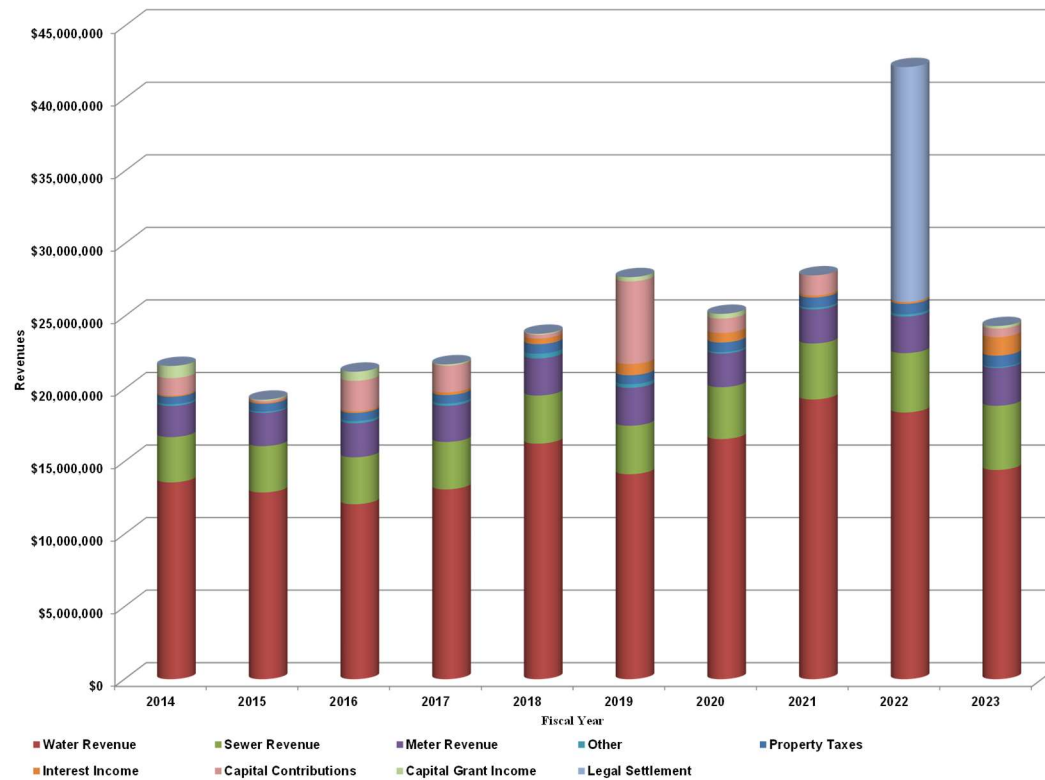


Figure 9 – Historical Revenues and Capital Contributions

**Connection Fees & Other Contributions
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Connection Fees	\$ -	\$ 82,113	\$ 2,104,091	\$ 1,484,132	\$ 158,549	\$ 5,666,117	\$ 9,825	\$ 1,380,503	\$ -	\$ 588,068
CSUCI Recycle Line	63,077	66,635	70,394	74,365	78,559	82,991	87,672	30,308	-	-
In-Kind Contributions	1,201,427	34,850	3,300	357,905	97,386	23,400	981,597	3,600	-	-
Grant	839,789	76,298	633,159	93,091	67,519	290,622	326,415	777	187	177,081
Totals	\$ 2,104,293	\$ 259,896	\$ 2,810,944	\$ 2,009,492	\$ 402,013	\$ 6,063,130	\$ 1,405,509	\$ 1,415,188	\$ 187	\$ 765,149

Table 4 – Connection Fees & Other Contributions

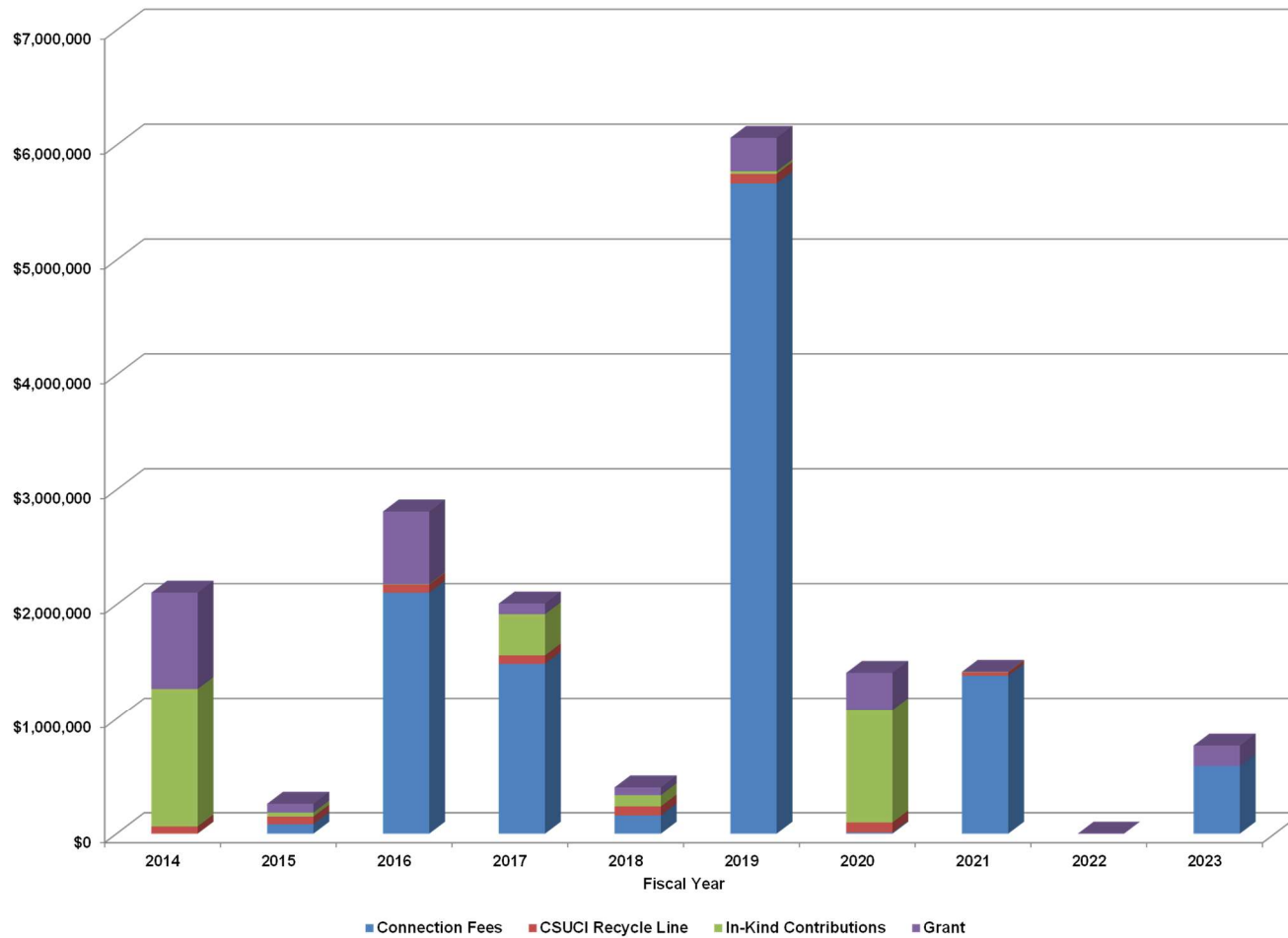


Figure 10 – Historical Connection Fees & Other Contributions

Operating Expenses										
Last Ten Fiscal Years										
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Water Purchases	\$ 9,008,654	\$ 8,305,257	\$ 7,147,319	\$ 6,500,815	\$ 7,890,983	\$ 7,828,911	\$ 9,532,192	\$ 11,373,806	\$ 9,592,894	\$ 7,000,710
Utilities	1,393,717	1,477,011	1,335,096	1,240,947	1,426,842	1,257,242	1,273,725	1,538,207	1,896,149	1,815,831
Salaries & Benefits	2,619,886	2,709,587	2,553,178	3,392,976	3,740,012	3,877,591	4,308,257	4,154,305	(1,147,757)	7,938,389
Contract/Prof. Svcs	821,497	1,015,370	1,154,828	1,313,596	1,377,908	1,232,165	1,828,640	1,607,445	2,188,286	2,851,847
Supplies & Services	1,064,287	1,502,354	1,864,428	1,827,780	2,462,144	2,259,095	2,154,855	2,034,301	2,422,860	2,579,098
Total Operating Expenses	14,908,041	15,009,579	14,054,849	14,276,114	16,897,889	16,455,004	19,097,669	20,708,064	14,952,432	22,185,875
Non-Operating Expenses										
Interest Expense	542,633	515,489	475,167	486,119	561,227	497,004	456,937	446,006	424,945	396,416
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	246	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,273	-	-
Debt Issuance Costs	-	-	-	227,159	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loss on Capital Asset	-	110,092	-	-	-	57,615	-	-	-	-
Total Non-Op Expenses	542,879	625,581	475,167	713,278	561,227	554,619	456,937	454,279	424,945	396,416
Depreciation & Amortization	2,133,668	2,179,599	2,354,424	2,601,408	2,684,495	2,842,512	2,836,353	3,098,208	3,107,243	3,307,663
Debt Service	1,225,000	1,265,000	1,317,500	1,465,000	1,525,000	1,590,000	1,650,000	605,000	640,000	660,000
Total Expenses	\$ 18,809,588	\$ 19,079,759	\$ 18,201,940	\$ 19,055,800	\$ 21,668,611	\$ 21,442,135	\$ 24,040,959	\$ 24,865,551	\$ 19,124,620	\$ 26,549,954

Table 5 – Historical Operating Expenses

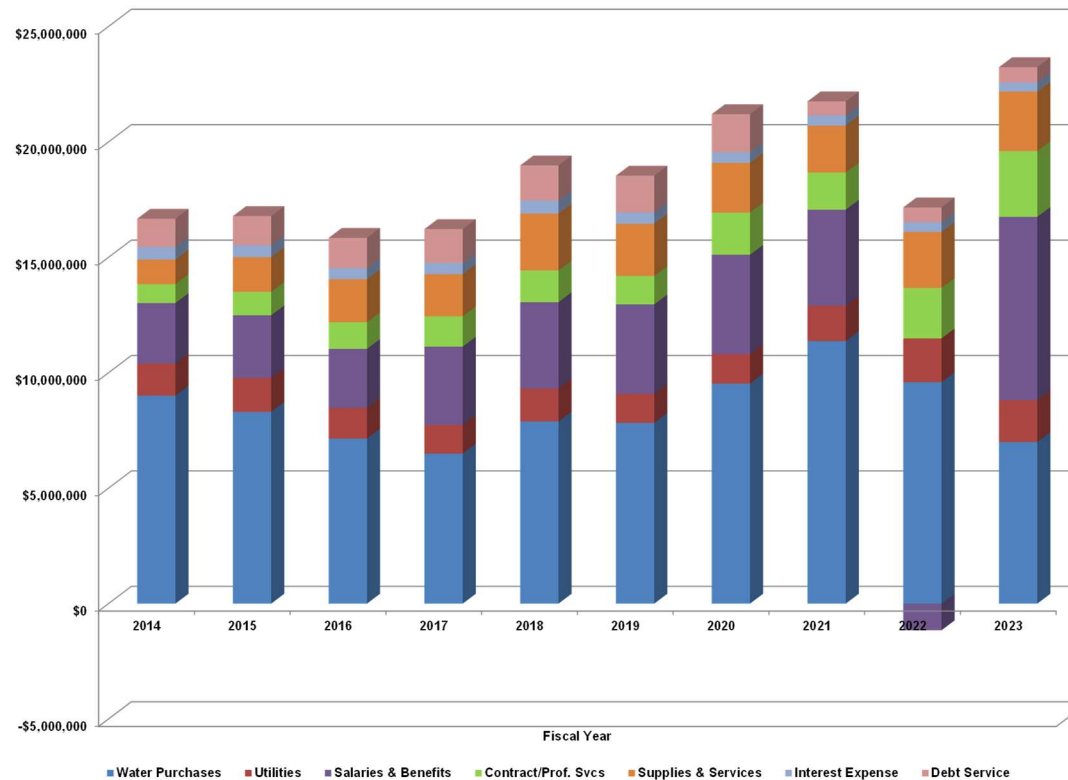


Figure 11 – Historical Operating Expenses

Revenue Capacity

Import Water Rates Last Ten Years

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
MWD	\$890	\$923	\$942	\$979	\$1,015	1,050	1,078	\$1,104	\$1,143	\$1,209
Calleguas	\$283	\$287	\$315	\$321	\$360	373	394	\$403	\$418	\$423
\$ A/F	\$1,173	\$1,210	\$1,257	\$1,300	\$1,375	\$1,423	\$1,472	\$1,507	\$1,561	\$1,632

Table 6 – Historical Imported Water Rates

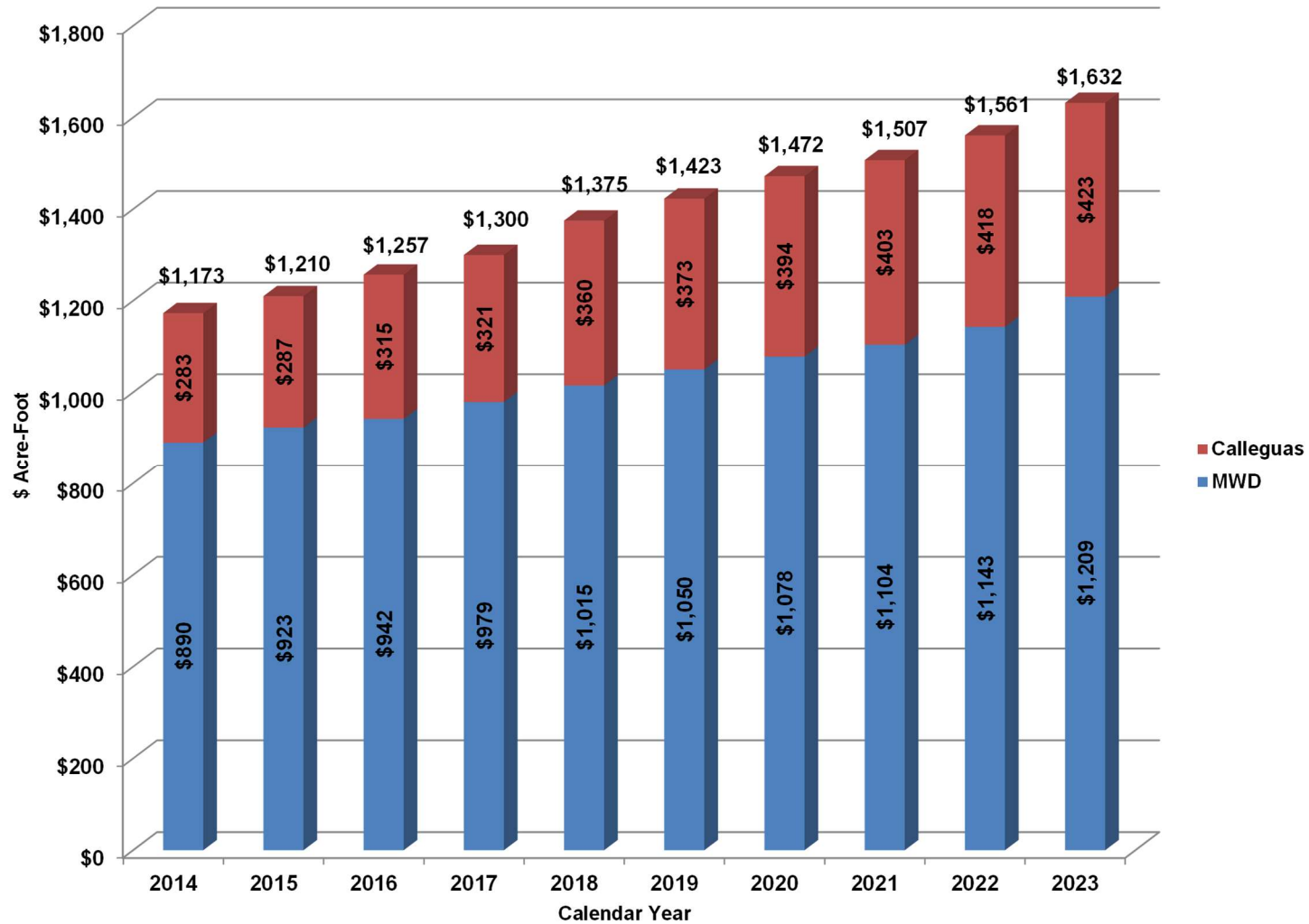


Figure 12 – Historical Imported Water Rates

Historical Water Commodity Rates

	July 2013	July 2014	July 2015	July 2016	July 2017	July 2019	July 2020	July 2021	July 2022	July 2023
Potable Water										
Residential/Master Meter/Domestic Agricultural First 12 Units	\$2.46	\$2.66	\$2.80	\$2.94	\$3.08	\$3.28	\$3.47	\$3.61	\$3.81	\$4.01
Residential/Master Meter/Domestic Agricultural 13 Units and Higher	\$2.69	\$2.90	\$3.05	\$3.19	\$3.34	\$3.65	\$3.82	\$4.01	\$4.22	\$4.45
Commercial/Industrial/Public	\$2.69	\$2.90	\$3.05	\$3.19	\$3.34	\$3.65	\$3.82	\$4.01	\$4.22	\$4.45
Municipal Irrigation/Residential Irrigation	\$2.69	\$2.90	\$3.05	\$3.19	\$3.34	\$3.65	\$3.82	\$4.01	\$4.22	\$4.45
Fire Service/Other	\$2.69	\$2.90	\$3.05	\$3.19	\$3.34	\$3.65	\$3.82	\$4.01	\$4.22	\$4.45
Agricultural Irrigation										
Tier 1	\$2.69	\$2.90	\$3.05	\$3.19	\$3.34	\$3.65	\$3.82	\$4.01	\$4.22	\$4.45
Tier 2	\$3.28	\$3.54	\$3.72	\$3.89	\$4.07	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Temporary Construction/Temporary Agricultural	\$2.69	\$2.90	\$3.05	\$3.19	\$3.34	\$4.91	\$5.29	\$5.60	\$5.88	\$6.17
Temporary Municipal	\$3.28	\$3.54	\$3.72	\$3.90	\$4.08	\$4.91	\$5.29	\$5.60	\$5.88	\$6.17
Emergency Water Service	\$4.06	\$4.37	\$4.60	\$4.82	\$5.05	\$4.91	\$5.29	\$5.60	\$5.88	\$6.17
Commercial/Industrial/Public Out of Bounds	\$3.32	\$3.58	\$3.76	\$3.94	\$4.13	\$4.91	\$5.29	\$5.60	\$5.88	\$6.17
Residential Out of Bounds First 12 Units	\$2.81	\$3.03	\$3.19	\$3.34	\$3.50	\$4.91	\$5.29	\$5.60	\$5.88	\$6.17
Residential Out of Bounds 13 Units and Higher	\$3.32	\$3.58	\$3.76	\$3.94	\$4.13	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Non-Potable Commercial Agricultural	\$0.89	\$1.08	\$1.26	\$1.45	\$1.64	\$1.92	\$2.08	\$2.08	\$2.19	\$2.40
Non-Potable Landscape Irrigation Water	\$0.89	\$1.08	\$1.26	\$1.45	\$1.64	\$1.92	\$2.08	\$2.08	\$2.19	\$2.40
Non-Potable Residential Landscape	\$0.89	\$1.08	\$1.26	\$1.45	\$1.64	\$1.92	\$2.08	\$2.08	\$2.19	\$2.40
Non-Potable Temporary Construction	\$0.89	\$1.08	\$1.26	\$1.45	\$1.64	\$1.92	\$2.08	\$2.08	\$2.19	\$2.40
Non-Potable Commercial Agricultural (contractual)*	\$0.50	\$0.54	\$0.59	\$0.60	\$0.61	\$0.61	\$0.62	\$0.62	\$0.67	\$0.74
Blended Non-Potable Agricultural										
Tier 1	\$2.03	\$2.24	\$2.46	\$2.67	\$2.88	\$2.46	\$2.70	\$2.70	\$3.15	\$3.36
Tier 2	\$2.29	\$2.53	\$2.78	\$3.02	\$3.25	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Recycled Commercial Agricultural	\$0.89	\$1.08	\$1.26	\$1.45	\$1.64	\$1.92	\$2.08	\$2.08	\$2.19	\$2.40
Recycled Landscape Irrigation	\$0.89	\$1.08	\$1.26	\$1.45	\$1.64	\$1.92	\$2.08	\$2.08	\$2.19	\$2.40
Recycled Commercial Agricultural (contractual)*	\$0.37	\$0.38	\$0.38	\$0.39	\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.43	\$0.47
Recycled Surplus Water (Served Outside District)	\$0.89	\$1.08	\$1.26	\$1.45	\$1.64	\$1.92	\$2.08	\$2.08	\$2.19	\$2.40

*Note: Contractual customers rates adjusted in January based on index.

Table 7 – Historical Water Commodity Rates

Historical Monthly Meter Service Charge

Potable/Blended									
Agricultural/Domestic	July	July	July	July	July	July	July	July	July
Agricultural	2014	2015	2016	2017	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
3/4" (MM)	\$5.90	\$6.11	\$6.32	\$6.55	\$6.21	\$6.19	\$6.21	\$ 6.35	\$ 6.57
3/4"	\$12.29	\$12.72	\$13.17	\$13.64	\$12.79	\$12.77	\$13.26	\$ 13.58	\$ 14.08
1"	\$20.48	\$21.20	\$21.95	\$22.72	\$21.41	\$21.40	\$22.63	\$ 23.19	\$ 24.06
1.5"	\$40.98	\$42.42	\$43.91	\$45.46	\$42.94	\$42.93	\$46.02	\$ 47.17	\$ 48.96
2"	\$65.57	\$67.87	\$70.25	\$72.73	\$68.89	\$68.89	\$74.22	\$ 76.09	\$ 78.99
3"	\$143.41	\$148.44	\$153.66	\$159.09	\$151.09	\$151.12	\$163.54	\$ 167.68	\$174.10
4"	\$245.86	\$254.48	\$263.43	\$272.73	\$259.02	\$259.09	\$280.82	\$ 287.92	\$298.98
6"	\$368.79	\$381.72	\$395.15	\$409.10	\$388.69	\$388.81	\$421.73	\$ 432.41	\$449.02
8"	\$614.65	\$636.19	\$358.58	\$681.83	\$647.90	\$648.11	\$703.38	\$ 721.21	\$748.93
Non-Potable Irrigation									
3/4" (MM)	\$5.90	\$6.11	\$6.32	\$6.55	\$4.89	\$4.88	\$4.88	\$ 4.91	\$ 5.02
3/4"	\$12.29	\$12.72	\$13.17	\$13.64	\$7.51	\$7.52	\$7.52	\$ 8.09	\$ 8.28
1"	\$20.48	\$21.20	\$21.95	\$22.72	\$10.28	\$10.32	\$10.32	\$ 11.72	\$ 12.00
1.5"	\$40.98	\$42.42	\$43.91	\$45.46	\$17.19	\$17.30	\$17.30	\$ 20.78	\$ 21.29
2"	\$65.57	\$67.87	\$70.25	\$72.73	\$25.52	\$25.72	\$25.72	\$ 31.70	\$ 32.48
3"	\$143.41	\$148.44	\$153.66	\$159.09	\$51.90	\$52.40	\$52.40	\$ 66.30	\$ 67.95
4"	\$245.86	\$254.48	\$263.43	\$272.73	\$86.54	\$87.43	\$87.43	\$ 111.72	\$114.51
6"	\$368.79	\$381.72	\$395.15	\$409.10	\$128.16	\$129.51	\$129.51	\$ 166.30	\$170.47
8"	\$614.65	\$636.19	\$358.58	\$681.83	\$211.35	\$213.63	\$213.63	\$ 275.39	\$282.30
Fire Service									
1"	\$46.38	\$48.00	\$49.69	\$51.45	\$51.03	\$51.65	\$61.96	\$ 63.93	\$ 67.46
1.5"	\$46.38	\$48.00	\$49.69	\$51.45	\$51.03	\$51.65	\$61.96	\$ 63.93	\$ 67.46
2"	\$46.38	\$48.00	\$49.69	\$51.45	\$51.03	\$51.65	\$61.96	\$ 63.93	\$ 67.46
3"	\$46.38	\$48.00	\$49.69	\$51.45	\$51.03	\$51.65	\$61.96	\$ 63.93	\$ 67.46
4"	\$46.38	\$48.00	\$49.69	\$51.45	\$51.03	\$51.65	\$61.96	\$ 63.93	\$ 67.46
6"	\$92.73	\$95.98	\$99.35	\$102.86	\$77.09	\$78.03	\$93.60	\$ 96.58	\$101.90
8"	\$166.92	\$172.77	\$178.85	\$185.17	\$129.17	\$130.74	\$156.84	\$ 161.82	\$170.74
10"	\$278.26	\$288.01	\$298.15	\$308.67	\$343.45	\$347.63	\$417.02	\$ 430.27	\$453.98

Table 8 – Historical Monthly Water Meter Service Charge

July	July	July	July	July	July	July	July
2014	2015	2016	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$30.10	\$30.70	\$31.32	\$33.49	\$35.83	\$38.37	\$40.62	\$43.05

Table 9 – Historical Sewer Rates

Historical Billed Wastewater Connections Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Number of Connections</u>	<u>Percentage Increase</u>
2014	8,857	0.53%
2015	8,858	0.01%
2016	8,811	-0.53%
2017	8,768	-0.49%
2018	8,843	0.86%
2019	8,926	0.94%
2020	8,929	0.03%
2021	9,058	1.44%
2022	8,964	-1.04%
2023	9,125	1.80%

Table 10 – Historical Billed Wastewater Connections

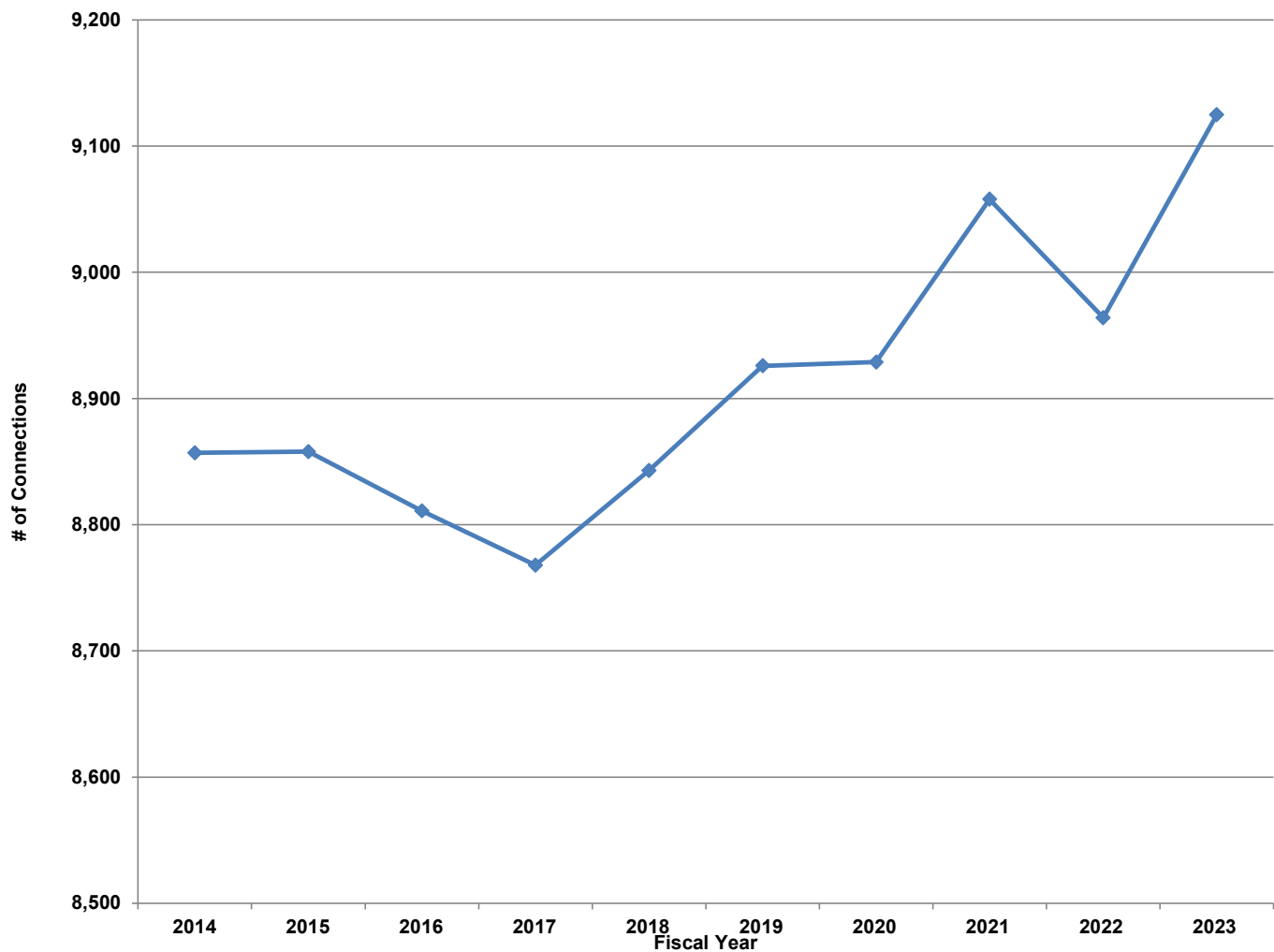


Figure 13 – Historical Billed Wastewater Connections

Water Deliveries By Class - Acre-Feet
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Potable Water	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Residential	6,388	5,449	4,610	5,139	5,486	4,854	5,052	5,658	5,074	3,751
Commercial/Industrial	677	584	539	545	562	500	502	562	578	351
Institutional and Governmental	408	352	336	332	368	286	257	259	303	336
Landscape	887	745	567	665	783	650	675	858	750	389
Agriculture	488	396	401	360	374	333	371	486	504	360
Other (Misc)	<u>36</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>2</u>
Total Potable Water	8,884	7,564	6,468	7,062	7,603	6,657	6,900	7,847	7,218	5,189
Non-Potable Water										
Landscape	1,505	1,327	1,233	1,328	1,418	1,207	1,255	1,475	1,408	1,025
Agriculture	5,340	4,630	3,962	5,093	5,772	4,463	4,469	4,231	3,563	2,919
Recycled Water	<u>1,249</u>	<u>1,323</u>	<u>1,204</u>	<u>1,104</u>	<u>958</u>	<u>850</u>	<u>564</u>	<u>481</u>	<u>822</u>	<u>507</u>
Total Non-Potable Water	8,094	7,280	6,399	7,525	8,148	6,520	6,288	6,187	5,793	4,451
Total Acre-Feet Deliveries	16,978	14,844	12,867	14,587	15,751	13,177	13,188	14,034	13,011	9,640

Note: Multi-Family Residential includes the following: Leisure Village 2156, Ranch Adolfo 255, CamSprings 259

Table 11 – Historical Billed Water Connections

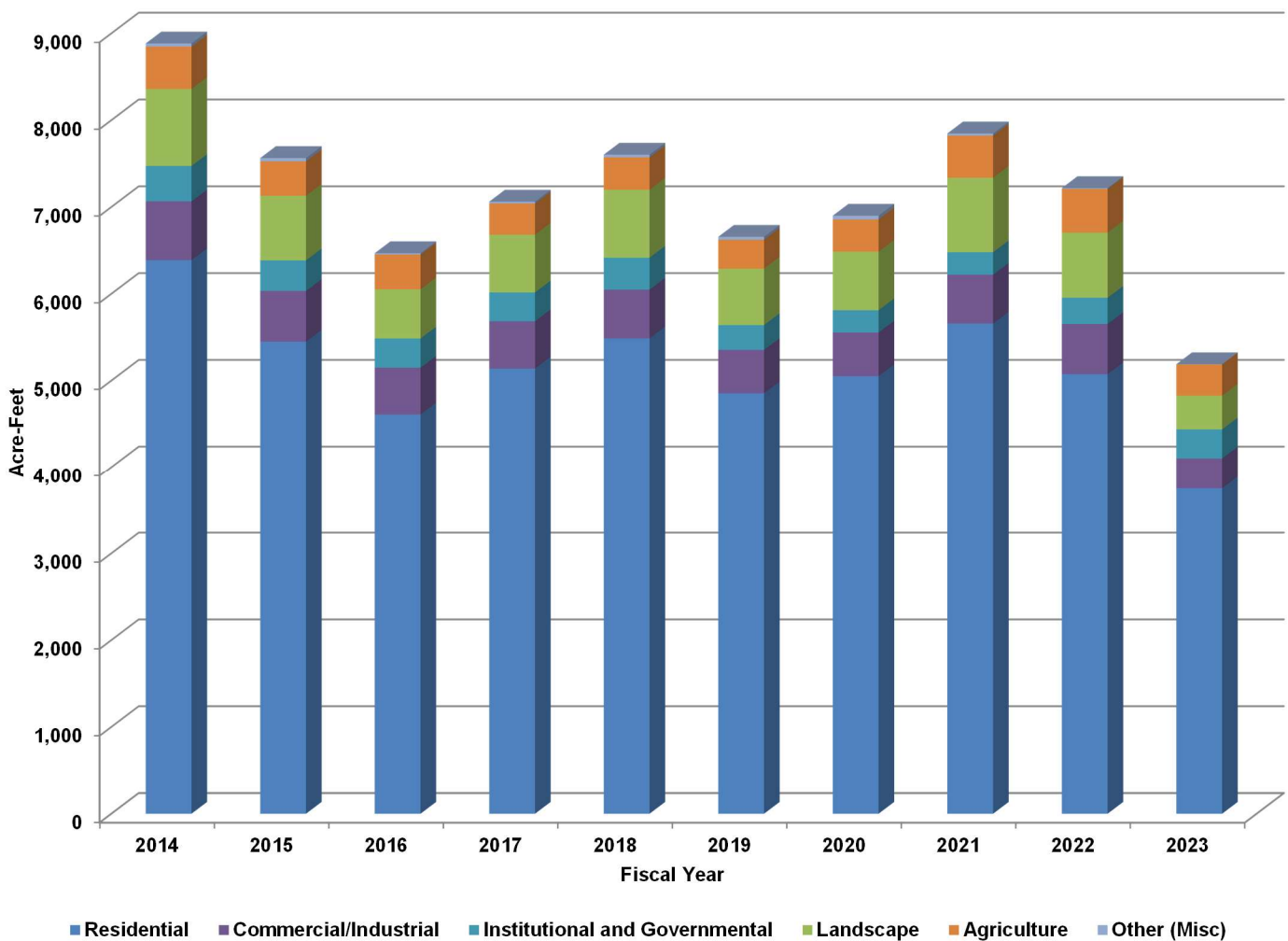


Figure 14 – Historical Billed Water Connections

Ten Largest Water Customers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago
Fiscal Year 2023

<u>Customer</u>	<u>Customer Type</u>	<u>Acre-Feet</u>	<u>Annual Revenues</u>	<u>% of Water Sales</u>
1 Leisure Village	Residential	801	\$ 1,086,199	6.38%
2 Reiter Brother Inc	Agricultural	928	979,982	5.75%
3 Calif. State University CI	Public	322	450,947	2.65%
4 Mahan Ranch Golf Club LLC	Commercial	228	426,116	2.50%
5 Duda Farm Fresh Foods, Inc	Agricultural	394	301,145	1.77%
6 A Hartman Ranch, Inc.	Agricultural	275	264,169	1.55%
7 Camlam Farms Inc.	Agricultural	526	176,433	1.04%
8 Pleasant Valley Park & Rec	Irrigation	72	141,598	0.83%
9 Hagleroad	Agricultural	92	135,569	0.80%
10 A.B.P.	Agricultural	88	124,927	0.73%
Total Ten Largest Customers		3,726	\$ 4,087,085	23.99%
All Other Customers		5,914	12,948,453	76.01%
Total Water Revenue for District		9,640	\$ 17,035,538	100.00%

Fiscal Year 2014

<u>Customer</u>	<u>Customer Type</u>	<u>Acre-Feet</u>	<u>Annual Revenues</u>	<u>% of Water Sales</u>
1 Leisure Village	Residential	1,029	\$708,632	4.51%
2 Boskovich Farms	Agricultural	1,200	\$474,709	3.02%
3 Tierra Rejada Golf Course	Commercial	360	\$428,710	2.73%
4 Calif. State University CI	Public	521	\$379,122	2.41%
5 Reiter Brother	Agricultural	712	\$351,932	2.24%
6 Lemon Acres Plus LLC	Agricultural	308	\$308,341	1.96%
7 A Hartman Ranch, Inc.	Agricultural	558	\$219,241	1.40%
8 3H Cust Farming/Hansen	Agricultural	771	\$175,080	1.11%
9 Pleasant Valley Rec & Park	Irrigation	107	\$133,784	0.85%
10 City of Camarillo	Irrigation	86	\$129,477	0.82%
Total Ten Largest Customers		5,651	\$3,309,028	21.06%
All Other Customers		11,327	12,400,451	78.94%
Total Water Revenue for District		16,978	\$15,709,479	100.00%

Table 12 – Ten Largest Water Customers

Ten Largest Wastewater Customers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year 2023

<u>Customer</u>	<u>EDUs</u>	<u>Annual Revenue</u>	<u>Wastewater</u>
1 Leisure Village	2,162	\$ 1,053,602	23.80%
2 CSUCI	642	312,936	7.07%
3 Rancho Adolfo Mobile Home Estates	255	124,297	2.81%
4 Corte Madera/Avalonbay Comm. Inc	161	97,001	2.19%
5 Essex Camino Inc.	161	97,001	2.19%
6 Adolfo Camarillo High School	59	27,166	0.61%
7 Emeritus at Camarillo	56	27,297	0.62%
8 Camino Ruiz LLC	47	22,910	0.52%
9 Marriott Brighton Gardens	42	20,472	0.46%
10 Pleasant Valley School	38	18,523	0.42%
Total Ten Largest Wastewater Customers	3,623	\$ 1,801,204	40.69%
All Other Customers	5,502	2,625,577	59.31%
Total Wastewater Revenue for District	9,125	\$ 4,426,781	100.00%

Fiscal Year 2014

<u>Customer</u>	<u>EDUs</u>	<u>Annual Revenue</u>	<u>Wastewater</u>
1 Leisure Village	2,149	\$ 761,004	24.38%
2 CSUCI	834	295,336	9.46%
3 Rancho Adolfo Mobile Home Estates	255	90,301	2.89%
4 Corte Madera/Avalonbay Comm. Inc	161	57,013	1.83%
5 Essex Camino Inc.	161	57,013	1.83%
6 Adolfo Camarillo High School	59	20,893	0.67%
7 Emeritus at Camarillo	56	19,831	0.64%
8 Kilroy Realty	47	16,459	0.53%
9 Marriott Brighton Gardens	42	14,873	0.48%
10 Pleasant Valley School	38	13,457	0.43%
Total Ten Largest Wastewater Customers	3,802	\$ 1,346,180	43.12%
All Other Customers	5,055	1,775,665	56.88%
Total Wastewater Revenue for District	8,857	\$ 3,121,845	100.00%

Table 13 – Ten Largest Wastewater Customers

CAMROSA WATER DISTRICT



BUILDING WATER
SELF-RELIANCE

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Water Deliveries By Class - Acre-Feet
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Potable Water										
Residential	6,388	5,449	4,610	5,139	5,486	4,854	5,052	5,658	5,074	3,751
Commercial/Industrial	677	584	539	545	562	500	502	562	578	351
Institutional and Governmental	408	352	336	332	368	286	257	259	303	336
Landscape	887	745	567	665	783	650	675	858	750	389
Agriculture	488	396	401	360	374	333	371	486	504	360
Other (Misc)	<u>36</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>2</u>
Total Potable Water	8,884	7,564	6,468	7,062	7,603	6,657	6,900	7,847	7,218	5,189
Non-Potable Water										
Landscape	1,505	1,327	1,233	1,328	1,418	1,207	1,255	1,475	1,408	1,025
Agriculture	5,340	4,630	3,962	5,093	5,772	4,463	4,469	4,231	3,563	2,919
Recycled Water	<u>1,249</u>	<u>1,323</u>	<u>1,204</u>	<u>1,104</u>	<u>958</u>	<u>850</u>	<u>564</u>	<u>481</u>	<u>822</u>	<u>507</u>
Total Non-Potable Water	8,094	7,280	6,399	7,525	8,148	6,520	6,288	6,187	5,793	4,451
Total Acre-Feet Deliveries	16,978	14,844	12,867	14,587	15,751	13,177	13,188	14,034	13,011	9,640

Table 14 – Water Deliveries by Class

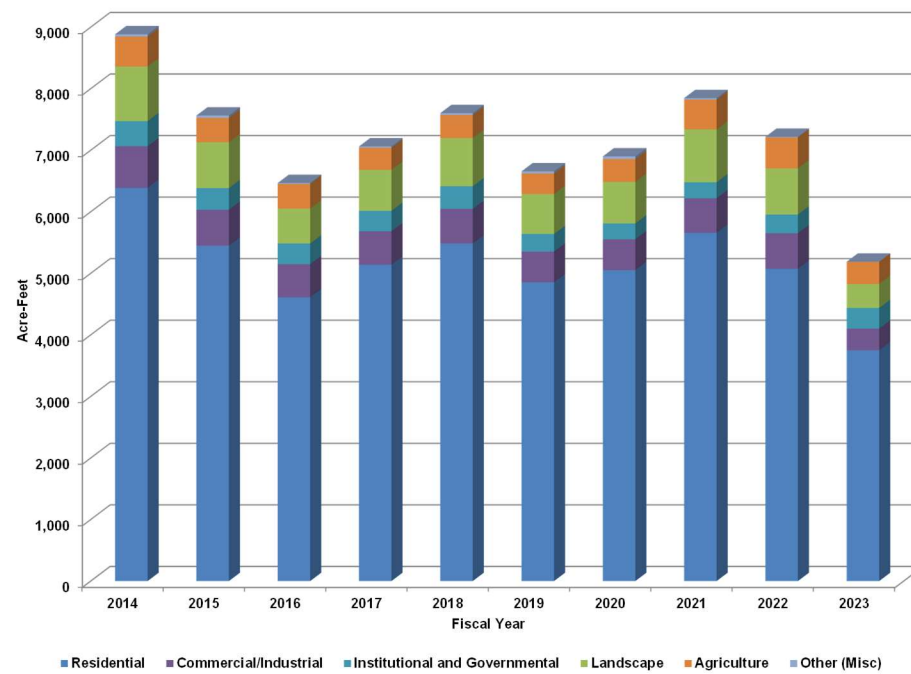


Figure 15 – Historical Potable Water Deliveries

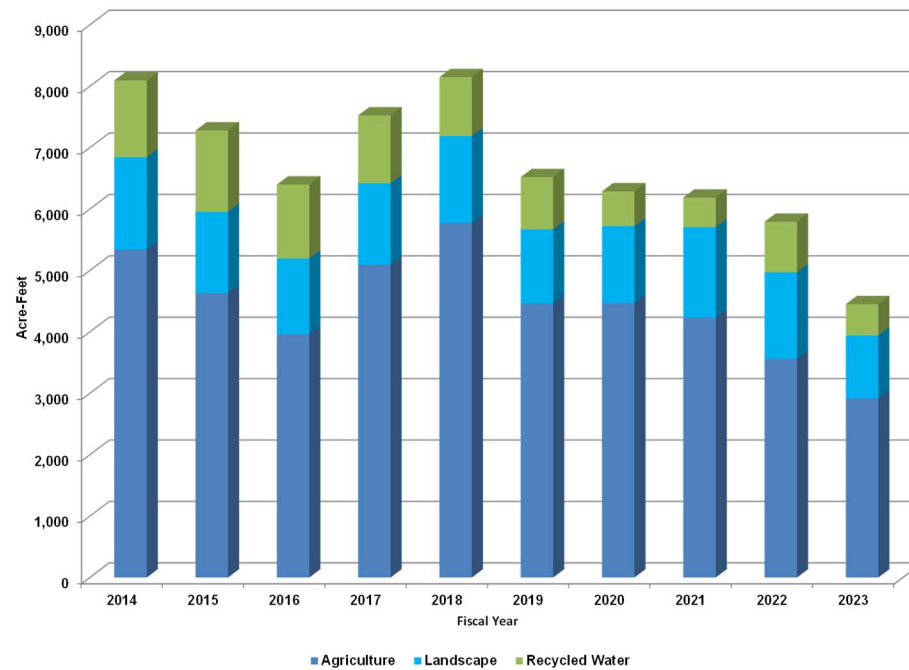


Figure 16 – Historical Non-Potable Water Deliveries

Assessed Valuations

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Secured Assessed Valuation</u>	<u>Unsecured Assessed Valuation</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>% Change</u>
2014	4,678,271,589	139,077,637	4,817,349,226	0.84%
2015	4,907,112,472	128,877,820	5,035,990,292	4.54%
2016	5,145,103,092	115,142,342	5,260,245,434	4.45%
2017	5,330,477,983	121,837,738	5,452,315,721	3.65%
2018	5,583,931,181	165,603,337	5,749,534,518	5.45%
2019	5,821,051,039	168,334,118	5,989,385,157	4.17%
2020	6,061,204,136	190,366,546	6,251,570,682	4.38%
2021	6,322,329,671	195,452,356	6,517,782,027	4.26%
2022	6,525,470,690	192,048,584	6,717,519,274	3.06%
2023	6,978,681,814	193,733,530	7,172,415,344	6.77%

Secured Tax Charges and Delinquencies

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Secured Assessed Charge</u>	<u>Amount Delinquent June 30</u>	<u>% Delinquent June 30</u>
2014	489,840	\$5,749	1.17%
2015	512,858	\$4,255	0.83%
2016	540,450	\$7,397	1.37%
2017	567,163	\$4,543	0.80%
2018	591,316	\$4,466	0.76%
2019	614,392	\$11,173	1.82%
2020	640,500	\$20,848	3.25%
2021	667,814	\$5,022	0.75%
2022	689,723	\$5,705	0.83%
2023	735,946	\$7,153	0.97%

Table 15 – Historical Assessed Valuations

Debt Capacity

<u>Fiscal</u> <u>Year</u>	<u>2011A</u> <u>Bond</u> <u>Premium</u>	<u>2012</u> <u>Refunding</u> <u>Bond</u> <u>Premium</u>	<u>2012</u> <u>Refunding</u> <u>Bond</u> <u>Premium</u>	<u>2016A</u>	<u>2016</u> <u>Refunding</u> <u>Bond</u> <u>Premium</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Outstanding</u> <u>Debt</u>	<u>Per Capita</u>
2014	8,910,000	258,057	5,825,000	510,111	-	-	15,503,168 \$ 232.25
2015	8,535,000	242,456	4,935,000	418,091	-	-	14,130,547 \$ 210.42
2016	8,150,000	226,854	4,030,000	326,071	-	-	12,732,925 \$ 182.10
2017	-	-	3,085,000	234,051	13,520,000	1,546,815	18,385,866 \$ 264.08
2018	-	-	2,100,000	142,031	12,980,000	1,492,627	16,714,658 \$ 243.15
2019	-	-	1,070,000	50,011	12,420,000	1,438,439	14,978,450 \$ 214.35
2020	-	-	-	-	11,840,000	1,384,252	13,224,252 \$ 188.22
2021	-	-	-	-	11,235,000	1,330,064	12,565,064 \$ 174.76
2022	-	-	-	-	10,595,000	1,275,876	11,870,876 \$ 165.22
2023	-	-	-	-	9,935,000	1,221,688	11,156,688 \$ 157.35

Table 16 – Total Outstanding Debt

Outstanding Debt

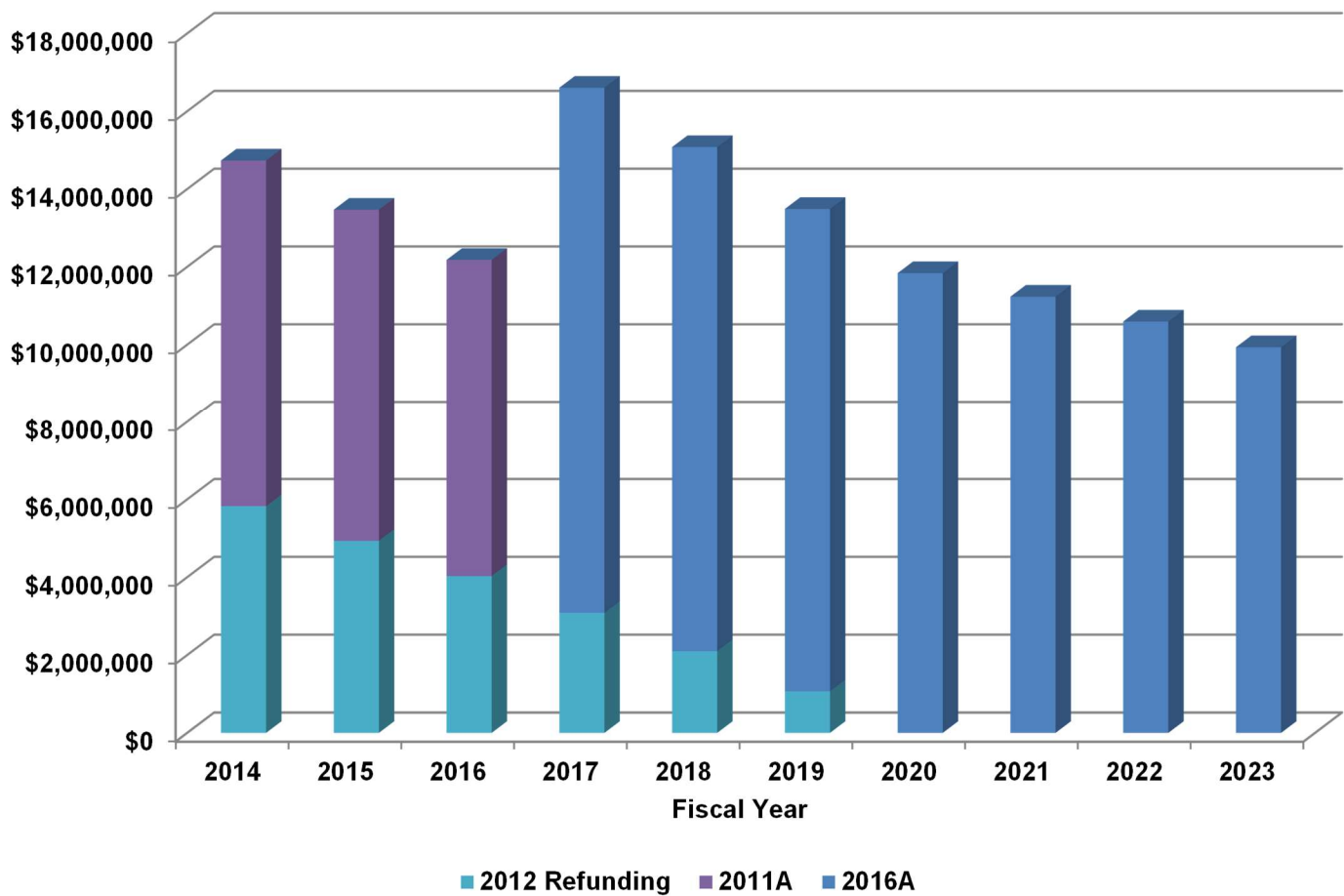


Figure 17 – Outstanding Debt

Camrosa Water District
Water Debt Coverage

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Operating & Maint. Costs</u>	<u>Net Revenues</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Coverage Ratio</u>
2014	16,362,572	13,206,095	3,156,477	785,000	423,600	1,208,600	2.61
2015	15,858,152	13,150,593	2,707,559	810,000	404,975	1,214,975	2.23
2016	16,651,844	12,294,192	4,357,652	847,500	380,325	1,227,825	3.55
2017	17,864,464	11,983,683	5,880,781	980,000	412,969	1,392,969	4.22
2018	20,041,849	14,368,286	5,673,563	1,040,000	493,881	1,533,881	3.70
2019	22,369,158	14,004,394	8,364,764	1,082,500	454,381	1,536,881	5.44
2020	20,110,052	16,339,981	3,770,071	1,105,000	407,831	1,512,831	2.49
2021	23,953,171	17,677,179	6,275,992	470,000	373,081	843,081	7.44
2022	26,711,430	17,566,320	9,145,110	500,000	353,681	853,681	10.71
2023	19,333,163	14,895,049	4,438,114	515,000	330,806	845,806	5.25

Table 17 – Historical Water Debt Coverage

Camrosa Water District
Wastewater Debt Coverage

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Operating & Maint. Costs</u>	<u>Net Revenues</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Coverage Ratio</u>
2014	3,187,900	1,705,455	1,482,445	440,000	195,900	635,900	2.33
2015	3,296,787	1,858,986	1,437,801	455,000	185,925	640,925	2.24
2016	3,905,306	1,760,668	2,144,638	470,000	172,175	642,175	3.34
2017	3,385,467	2,292,431	1,093,036	505,000	114,399	619,399	1.76
2018	3,581,230	2,501,042	1,080,188	517,500	115,850	633,350	1.71
2019	5,009,039	2,424,108	2,584,931	537,500	95,750	633,250	4.08
2020	3,759,479	2,750,890	1,008,589	545,000	72,150	617,150	1.63
2021	3,893,229	2,508,098	1,385,131	135,000	56,450	191,450	7.23
2022	4,142,825	2,636,029	1,506,796	140,000	50,950	190,950	7.89
2023	4,882,750	3,129,331	1,753,419	145,000	44,525	189,525	9.25

Table 18 – Historical Wastewater Debt Coverage

CAMROSA WATER DISTRICT



BUILDING WATER
SELF-RELIANCE

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Operational Information

Historical Water Demand/Sources
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Acre-Feet)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Total Demand - Acre-Feet	16,978	14,845	12,867	14,587	15,751	13,177	13,188	14,035	13,011	9,640
Groundwater/Wells										
Tierra Rejada Basin	443	367	36	164	350	278	290	218	141	200
Santa Rosa Basin	2,981	1,997	1,462	2,123	2,995	1,416	655	251	196	386
Pleasant Valley Basin	295	761	972	777	902	827	819	1,485	1,624	1,770
Perched Aquifer	10	263	883	664	1	363	628	809	1,002	309
Groundwater/Wells	3,729	3,388	3,353	3,728	4,248	2,884	2,392	2,763	2,963	2,665
Imported Water										
Calleguas	6,196	4,978	4,125	3,612	3,979	4,194	5,188	6,012	4,779	3,031
Imported Water	6,196	4,978	4,125	3,612	3,979	4,194	5,188	6,012	4,779	3,031
Non-Potable/Recycled Water										
Conejo Creek	5,736	5,109	4,886	4,718	5,849	4,373	3,841	4,235	3,514	3,261
Santa Rosa Basin	883	722	586	542	513	728	1,060	955	934	548
Imported Water	90	416	730	506	833	375	428	402	384	229
Camrosa WRF (Recycled)	1,250	1,323	1,204	1,104	958	850	617	481	822	507
CamSan WWTP (Recycled)	-	-	-	-	-	-	781	1,454	1,258	1,203
Non-Potable/Recycled Water	7,959	7,570	7,406	6,870	8,154	6,325	6,727	7,527	6,912	5,748
Total Sources of Production	17,884	15,936	14,884	14,210	16,381	13,404	14,307	16,302	14,654	11,444

Table 19 – Historical Water Demand/Sources

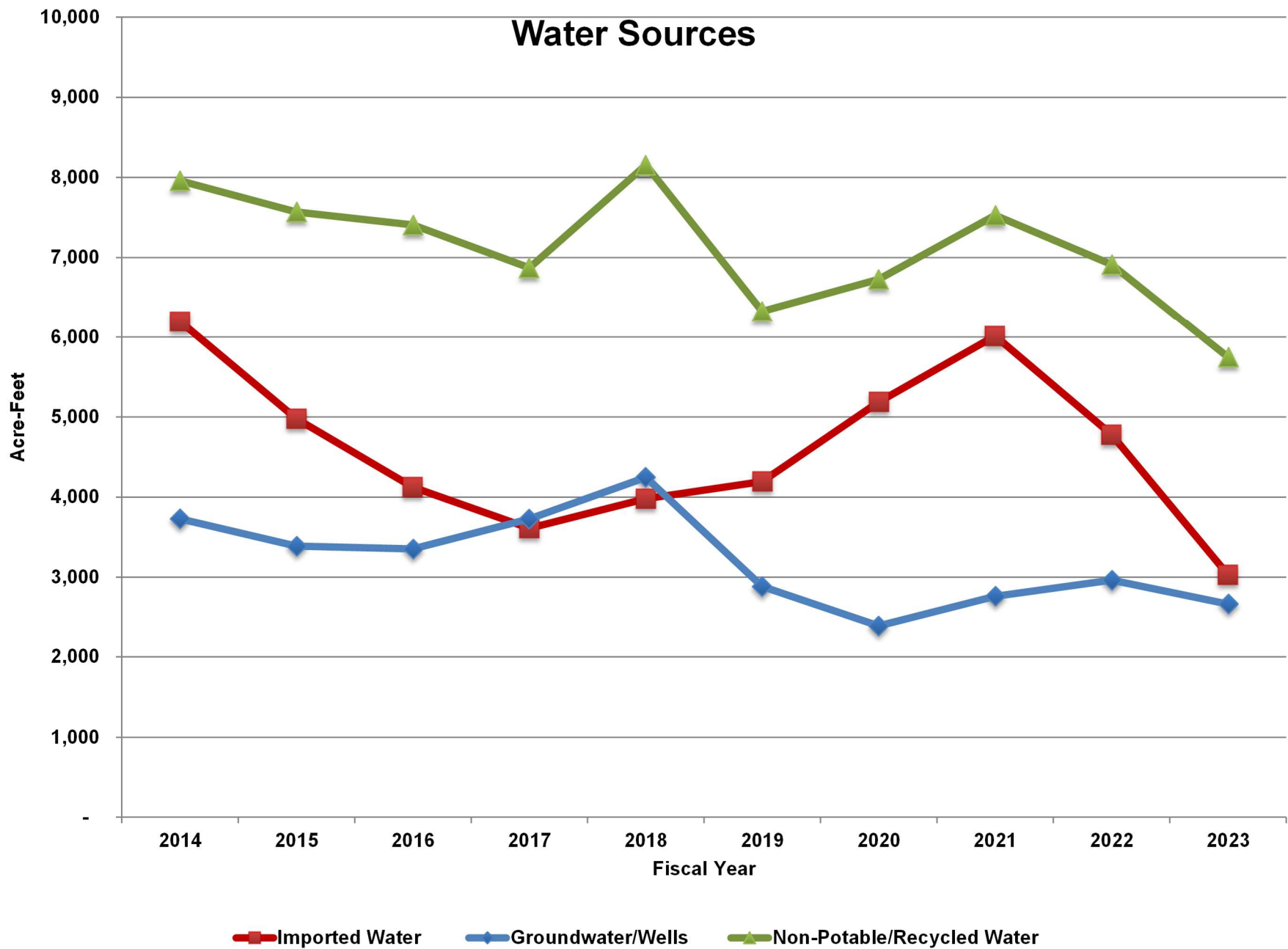


Figure 18 – Historical Water Demand by Source

Established Water System Service Area 31 (Square miles)	Water System			
	1962			
	FY 22-23 Potable	FY 22-23 Non-Potable	FY 21-22 Potable	FY 21-22 Non-Potable
Water Facilities:				
Miles of pipeline	181	38	171	37
Number of groundwater wells	9	3	8	3
Number of pumping stations	8	8	8	8
Number of meter stations	12	0	12	0
Number of reservoirs	10	4	10	4
Number of treatment plants	1	0	1	0
Number of fire hydrants	1214	34	1098	43
Average Daily Water Production, Acft	15.59	33.74	21.25	14.17
Average Daily Water Production, Acft Delivered to CWD		14.66		17.74
Average Daily Water Production, Acft Delivered to PVCWD		14.16		16.63
Maximum Daily Water Production, Acft	28.90	69.67	30.72	27.74
Maximum Daily Water Production, Acft Delivered to CWD		34.15		32.99
Maximum Daily Water Production, Acft Delivered to PVCWD		35.55		31.14
Minimum Daily Water Production, Acft	5.80	3.87	6.69	4.50
Minimum Daily Water Production, Acft Delivered to CWD		3.87		4.50
Minimum Daily Water Production, Acft Delivered to PVCWD		0.00		0.00
Wastewater Facilities:				
Tertiary-treated Title 22 water				
Sewer Lift Stations	6		6	
Primary treatment, MGD	2.25		2.25	
Average Daily Wastewater Flow, MGD	1.18		1.18	
Maximum Daily Wastewater Flow, MGD	1.59		1.90	
Minimum Daily Wastewater Flow, MGD	1.06		0.96	

Table 20 – District Facilities Information

Camrosa Water District
Historical Capital Assets

Fiscal Year	Water Plant	Sanitation Plant	Buildings & Equipment	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Capital Assets (less Construction in Progress)	Construtcion in Progress
2014	52,739,159	28,412,029	2,507,268	(41,010,945)	42,647,511	10,601,204
2015	53,155,862	28,411,372	2,579,360	(43,152,352)	40,994,242	11,306,033
2016	63,438,656	29,108,335	2,830,255	(45,455,622)	49,921,624	2,544,641
2017	64,799,973	29,782,538	3,053,596	(47,909,462)	49,726,646	3,359,879
2018	66,919,253	30,767,634	3,253,617	(50,528,555)	50,411,949	1,894,279
2019	68,052,438	30,767,634	3,524,259	(53,349,416)	48,994,915	3,488,177
2020	71,344,790	31,049,483	4,266,850	(56,183,342)	50,477,782	4,184,008
2021	72,732,084	31,111,310	4,084,534	(58,911,494)	49,016,434	6,367,110
2022	74,726,593	31,628,981	4,350,215	(61,916,226)	48,789,563	11,709,571
2023	75,319,863	33,008,901	5,065,690	(65,094,150)	48,300,304	19,129,470

Table 21 – Historical Capital Assets

Historical Capital Assets

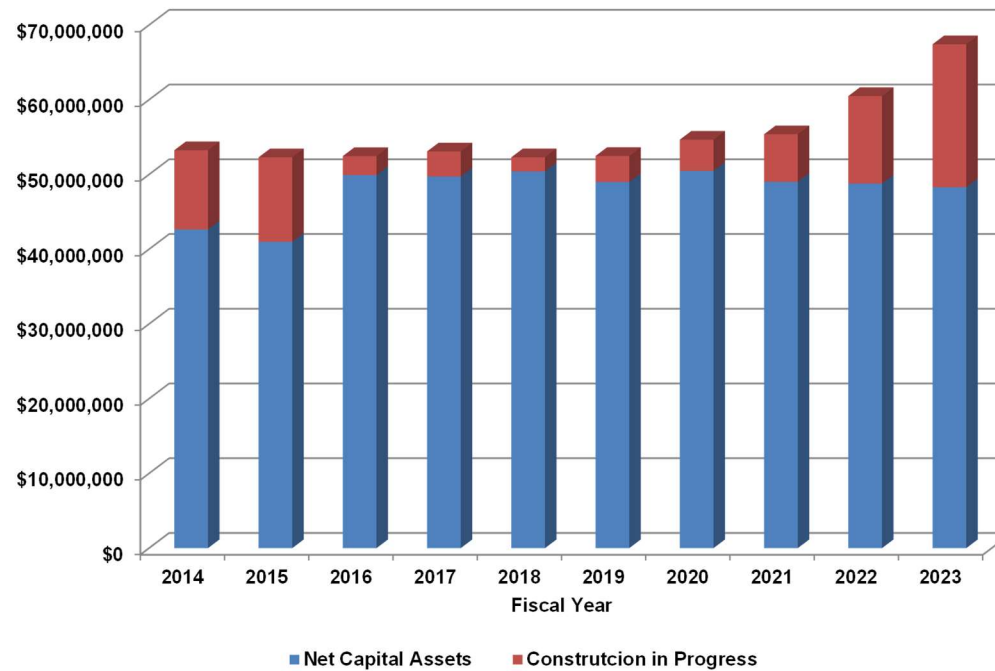


Figure 19 – Historical Capital Assets

CAMROSA WATER DISTRICT



BUILDING WATER SELF-RELIANCE

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Demographic and Economic Information

Camrosa Water District
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Calendar Years
City of Camarillo (1)

Year	Unemployment Rate	Population	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income
2014	4.4%	66,752	2,572,222	38,534
2015	4.4%	67,154	2,586,638	38,518
2016	5.8%	69,924	2,963,379	42,380
2017	4.5%	69,623	2,933,008	42,127
2018	3.6%	68,741	3,271,440	47,591
2019	4.3%	69,880	3,231,171	46,625
2020	4.1%	70,261	3,461,602	50,186
2021	5.8%	71,898	3,407,642	49,833
2022	2.6%	71,849	3,612,257	52,439
2023	2.3%	70,905	3,754,073	52,945

Table 22 – Demographic and Economic Statistics

Population 10 Years

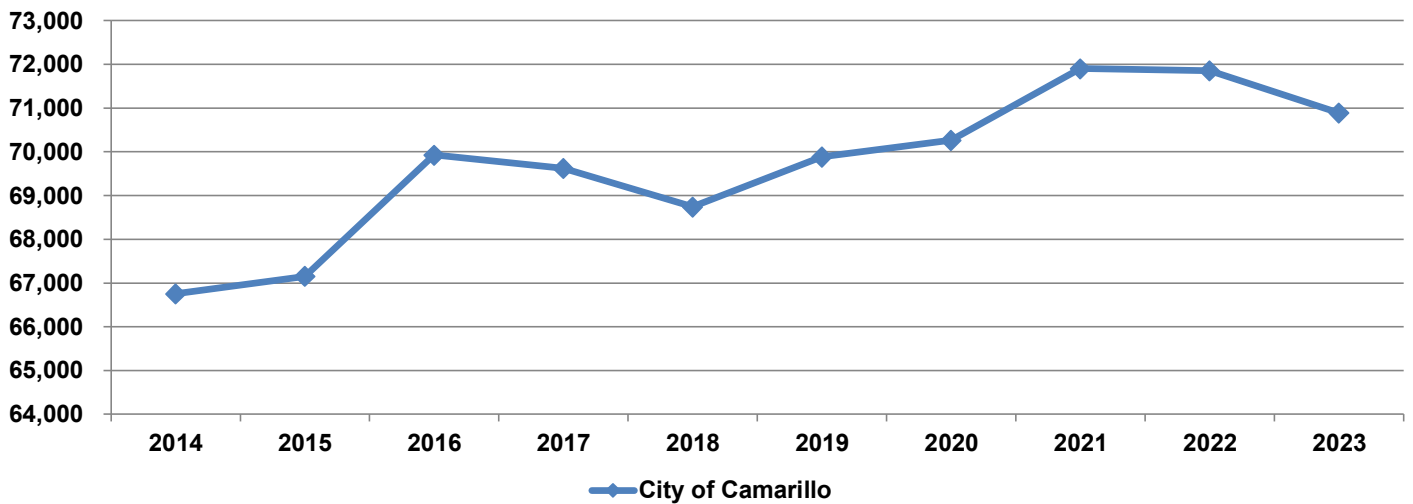


Figure 20 – City of Camarillo Population

City of Camarillo Unemployment Rate

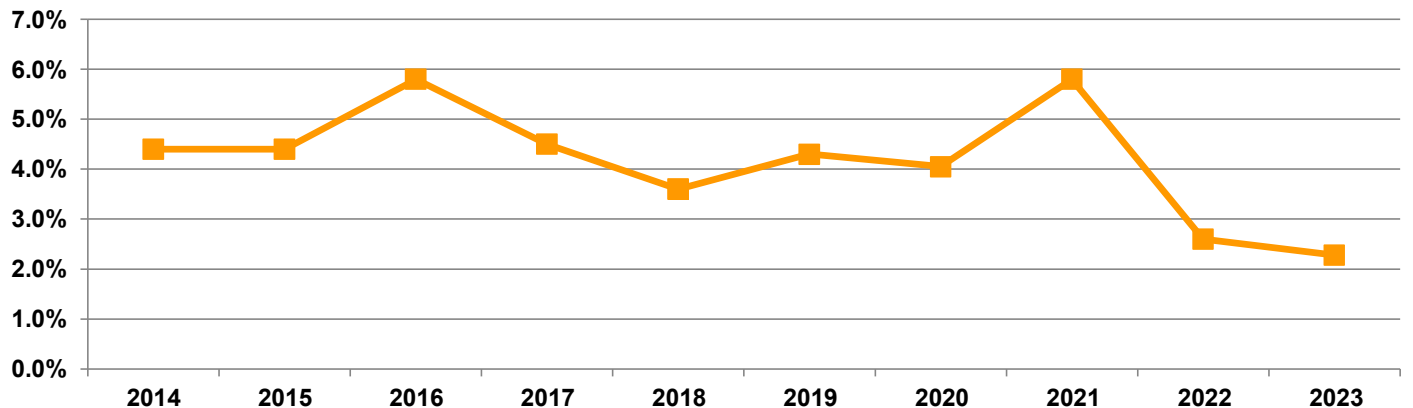


Figure 21 – City of Camarillo Unemployment Rate